Dr. N.G.P.ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE (Autonomous)

REGULATIONS 2019-20 for Post Graduate Programme (Outcome Based Education model with Choice Based Credit System) M.Sc. Degree

(For the students admitted during the academic year 2019-20 and onwards)

Programme: M.Sc. Physics

Eligibility:

A pass in the course of B.Sc Degree Examination with Physics as Major and Mathematics and Chemistry as Ancillary subjects, or an examination accepted as equivalent there to accept by the academic council.

Programme Educational Objectives:

The Curriculum is designed to attain the following learning goals which students shall accomplish by the time of their graduation:

1. To produce graduates with advanced knowledge in Physics and requisite skills, in order to use their knowledge in Physics in a wide range of practical applications.

2. To develop creative thinking and the power of imagination to enable graduates work in research in academia and industry for broader applications.

3. To relate the training of Physics graduates to the employment opportunities within the country.

4. To promote societal values through Physics related activities.



PROGRAMME OUTCOMES:

On the successful completion of the program, the following are the expected outcomes.

PO Number	PO Statement
PO1	Apply theoretical knowledge of principles and concepts of Physicsto practical problems.
PO2	Develop skills in planning and carrying out advanced physics experiments.
PO3	Solve scientific problems by applying a combination of theory, numerical simulation, and experiments.
PO4	Relate critically to scientific models.
PO5	Examining specific phenomena theoretically and experimentally, to contribute to the generation of new scientific insights or to the innovation of new applications of physics research.



Part	Subjects	No.of Papers	Credit	Semester No.
	Core Theory	12	$12 \ge 04 = 48$	I - IV
	Core Practical	07	07 x 02 = 14	I - IV
ш	Elective	04	04 x 04 = 16	I - IV
	EDC	01	$01 \ge 04 = 04$	II
	Project Work	01	01 x 08 = 08	IV
	Core Theory	01	01 x 02 = 02	I - IV
	TOTAL CREDITS	92	-	

Guidelines for Programmes offering for Semesters:



CURRICULUM

Course Code	Course Course Name	L	Т	Р	Exam	Max Marks			Credits	
Course Code	Category		L	1	P	(hours)	CIA	ESE	Total	Credits
First Semester										
192PY2A1CA	Core-I	Mathematical Physics	4	1	-	3	25	75	100	4
192PY2A1CB	Core-II	Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics	4	1	-	3	25	75	100	4
192PY2A1CC	Core-III	Classical Mechanics	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4
192PY2A1CD	Core-IV	Electronics	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4
202PY2A1CP	Core Practical-I	Thermodynamics and Optics	-	_	4	4	40	60	100	2
202PY2A1CQ	Core Practical-II	Electronics-I	_	-	4	4	40	60	100	2
192PY2A1DA		Environmental Physics								
192PY2A1DB	DSE-I	Crystal Growth and Thin Film Physics	4	_	_	3	25	75	100	4
192PY2A1DC		Laser Physics and Non-linear Optics							100	-
	Total		20	2	8	-	-	-	700	24

M.Sc. PHYSICS PROGRAMME



Course Code	Course Code Course Cou		urse Name L	Т	Р	Exam	Max Marks			Credits
Course Code	Category	Course Name	L	1	r	(h)	CIA	ESE	Total	Cleans
Second Semester										
202PY2A2CA	Core-V	Condensed Matter Physics	4	1	-	3	25	75	100	4
202PY2A2CB	Core-VI	Quantum Mechanics-I	4	1	-	3	25	75	100	4
202PY2A2CC	Core- VII	Spectroscopy	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4
202PY2A2CP	Core Practical- III	Solid State and Spectroscopy	-	-	4	4	40	60	100	2
202PY2A2CQ	Core Practical-IV	Electronics-II	-	-	4	4	40	60	100	2
192MT2A2IB	EDC- I	Numerical Methods	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4
192PY2A2DA		Energy Physics								
192PY2A2DB 192PY2A2DC	DSE-II	Materials Physic sand Processing Techniques Photovoltaic	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4
	Total	Science	20	2	8	-	-	-	700	24



	Course Course Name		L	Т	P	Exam	Max Marks			C a l'h
Course Code	Category	Course Name	L			(h)	CIA	ESE	Total	Credits
Third Semester										
192PY2A3CA	Core- VIII	Electromagnetic Theory	4	1	-	3	25	75	100	4
192PY2A3CB	Core-IX	Quantum Mechanics-II	4	1	-	3	25	75	100	4
192PY2A3CC	Core-X	Microprocessors and Microcontroller	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4
192PY2A3CP	Core Practical-V	Nanoscience and General Physics	-	-	4	4	40	60	100	2
192PY2A3CQ	Core Practical-VI	Electronics-III	_	-	4	4	40	60	100	2
192PY2A3DA		Introductory Astronomy, Astrophysics Cosmology								
192PY2A3DB	DSE-III	Band Gap Engineering in Semiconductors								
192PY2A3DC	D9E-III	Solar Cells and Solar Energy Utilization	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4
192PY2A4CV	Core-XII: Project	Project	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
192PY2A3CT	IT	Industrial Training					A to C			
	Total			2	8				600	20



Course Code	Course Course Name	L	Т	Р	Exa	Max Marks			Credits	
Course Code	Category	Course Name	L	1	ľ	m (h)	CIA	ESE	Total	Credits
Fourth Semester										
202PY2A4CA	Core-XI	Molecular Physics	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4
192PY2A4CB	Core-XII	Nuclear and Elementary Particle Physics	4	_	-	3	25	75	100	4
202PY2A4CC	Core - XIII	Research Methodology	2	-	-	3	25	75	100	2
192PY2A4CP	Core Practical- VII	Microprocessor	-	-	4	4	40	60	100	2
192PY2A4DA		Radiological Safety Aspects								
192PY2A4DB	DSE-IV	Instrumental Methods of Analysis	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4
192PY2A4DC		Plasma Physics								
192PY2A4CV	Core-XII: Project	Project	-	-	12	4	80	120	200	8
	Total		14	-	16	-	-	-	700	24
	Grand Tota	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2700	92



DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE

Students shall select the desired course of their choice in the listed elective course during Semesters I - IV

Semester I (Elective I)

List of Elective Courses

S. No.	Course Code	Name of the Course
1.	192PY2A1DA	Environmental Physics
2.	192PY2A1DB	Crystal Growth and Thin Film Physics
3.	192PY2A1DC	Laser Physics and Non-linear Optics

Semester II (Elective II)

List of Elective Courses

S. No.	Course Code	Name of the Course
1.	192PY2A2DA	Energy Physics
		Materials Physics and Processing
		Techniques
3.	192PY2A2DC	Photovoltaic Science

Semester III (Elective III)

List of Elective Courses

S. No.	Course Code	Name of the Course
1	192PY2A3DA	Introductory Astronomy, Astrophysics &
1.		Cosmology
2.	192PY2A3DB	Band Gap Engineering in Semiconductors
3.	192PY2A3DC	Solar cells and Solar Energy Utilization



Semester IV (Elective IV) List of Elective Courses

S. No.	Course Code	Name of the Course
1.	192PY2A4DA	Radiological Safety Aspects
2.	192PY2A4DB	Instrumental Methods of Analysis
3.	192PY2A4DC	Plasma Physics

EXTRA CREDIT COURSES

The following are the courses offered under self study to earn extra credits:

S. No.	Course Code	Name of the Course
1.	192PY2ASSA	IPR, Innovation and Entrepreneurship
2.	192PY2ASSB	Nano Science



Regulation (2019-2020)

PG Programme

Effective from the academic year 2019-20 and applicable to the students admitted to the Degree of Master of Arts/Commerce/Management/Science.

1. NOMENCLATURE

1.1 Faculty: Refers to a group of programmes concerned with a major division of knowledge. Eg. Faculty of Computer Science consists of Programmes like Computer Science, Information Technology, Computer Technology, Computer Applications etc.

1.2 Programme: Refers to the Master of Arts/Management/Commerce/Science Stream that a student has chosen for study.

1.3 Batch: Refers to the starting and completion year of a programme of study. Eg. Batch of 2015–2017 refers to students belonging to a 2-year Degree programme admitted in 2015 and completing in 2017.

1.4 Course: Refers to a component (a paper) of a programme. A course may be designed to involve lectures / tutorials / laboratory work / seminar / project work/ practical training / report writing / Viva voce, etc or a combination of these, to effectively meet the teaching and learning needs and the credits may be assigned suitably.

a) Core Courses

A course, which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate as a core requirement is termed as a Core course.

b) Extra Departmental Course (EDC)

A course chosen generally from a related discipline/subject, with an intention to seek exposure in the discipline relating to the core domain of the student.

c) Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE): DSE courses are the courses offered by the respective disciplinary/ interdisciplinary programme.



d) Project Work:

It is considered as a special course involving application of knowledge in problem solving/analyzing/exploring a real-life situation. The Project work will be given in lieu of a Core paper.

e) Extra credits

Extra credits will be awarded to a student for achievements in co-curricular activities carried out outside the regular class hours. The guidelines for the award of extra credits are given in section two, these credits are not mandatory for completing the programme.

e) Advanced Learner Course (ALC):

ALC is doing work of a higher standard than usual for students at that stage in their education. Research work carried out in University/ Research Institutions/ Industries of repute in India or abroad for a period of 15 to 30 days.

2. EXTRA CREDITS

- Earning extra credit is mandatory. However, it is not essential for programme completion.
- Extra Credits will be awarded to a student for achievement in co-curricular/ extracurricular activities carried other than the regular class-hours.
- A student is permitted to earn a maximum of 10 extra Credits during the programme duration of PG from I to IV Semester.
- Candidate can claim a maximum of 1 credit under each category listed.

The following are the guidelines for the award of Extra credits:

2.1 Proficiency in Foreign Language

Qualification	Credit
A pass in any foreign language in the	
examination conducted by an authorized	1
agency	



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Qualification	Credit
A pass in the Hindi examination conducted by	1
Dakshin Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha	

Examination passed during the programme period only will be considered for extra credit

2.3 Self-study Course

Qualification	Credit
A pass in the self-study courses offered by the department	1

The candidate should register in the self-study course offered by the department only in the III semester

2.4 Typewriting/Short hand

A Pass in shorthand /typewriting examination conducted by Tamil Nadu Department of Technical Education (TNDTE) and the credit will be awarded.

Qualification	Credit
A pass in the type writing / short hand examination offered by TNDTE	1

2.5 Diploma / Certificate

Courses offered by any recognized University / NCVRT

Qualification	Credit
A pass in any Certificate /Diploma/PG Diploma Course	1



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2.6 CA/ICSI/ CMA

Qualification	Credit
Qualifying foundation/Inter level/Final in CA/ICSI/CMA etc.	1

2.7 Sports and Games

The Student can earn extra credit based on their achievement in sports as given below:

Qualification	Credits
Achievement in University/State / National/ International	1

2.8 Online Courses

Pass in any one of the online courses

Qualification	Credit
SWAYAM/NPTEL/Spoken Tutorial etc.,	1

2.9 Publications / Conference Presentations (Oral/ Poster) / Awards

Qualification	Credit
Research Publications in Journals/oral/poster	
presentation in Conference	1

2.10 Innovation / Incubation / Patent / Sponsored Projects / Consultancy

Qualification	Credit
Development of model/ Products/ Prototype/	
Process/App/Registration of Patents/ Copyrights/	1
Trademarks/Sponsored Projects/Consultancy	



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2.11 Representation

Qualification	Credit
Participation in State / National level celebrations	
such as Independence day, Republic day Parade,	1
National Integration camp etc.,	

3. EXAMINATIONS

The following are the distribution of marks for External and Internal i.e., Comprehensive examination and Continuous Internal Assessment and passing minimum marks for theory papers of PG programmes.

	EXTERNAL			Overall
TOTAL MARKS	Max. marks	Passing Minimum for External alone	Internal Max. marks	Passing Minimum for total marks (Internal + External)
100	75	38	25	50
50	50	25		25

The following are the Distribution of marks for the Continuous Internal Assessment in the theory papers of PG programmes.

S. No.	For Theory- PG courses	Distribution of Marks
1	TESTS I (2 hours)	5
2	TESTS II / End semester Model test (3 hours)	10
3	OBE- Rubrics	10
	TOTAL MARKS	25



The following are the distribution of marks for the External Assessment in PG Theory courses

S. No.	S. No. For Theory– PG courses Distribution of Marks		of Marks
1	Comprehensive (Written) Examination	65	50
2	Online MCQ Examination	10	
	TOTAL MARKS	75	50

The following are the distribution of marks for External examinations (CE) and Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and passing minimum marks for the practical courses of PG programmes.

	EXTE	RNAL		Overall
TOTAL MARKS	Max. marks	Passing Minimum for External alone	Internal Max. marks	Passing Minimum for total marks (Internal + External)
100	60	30	40	50
200	120	60	80	100

The following are the distribution of marks for the Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) in PG practical courses

S. No.	For Theory – PG Practical courses	Distribution of Marks	
1	Tests: Two tests out of which one shall	24	48
	be during the mid semester and the		
	other to be conducted as model test at		
	the end of the semester.)		
2	2 OBE- Rubrics		32
TOTAL MARKS		40	80

The following are the distribution of marks for the External Assessment in PG practical courses

S. No.	For Theory – PG Practical courses	Distribution of Marks	
1	Experiment-I	25	50
2	Experiment-II	25	50
3	Record & Viva-Voce	10	20
	TOTAL MARKS		120



The following are the distribution of marks for Project and Viva voce examinations/Industrial Training and Continuous Internal Assessments and passing minimum marks for the project courses/Industrial Training of PG programmes

	EXTER	NAL			
TOTAL MARKS	Max. marks	Passing Minimum for External alone		Overall Passing Minimum for total marks (Internal + External)	
100	60	30	40	50	
200	120	60	80	100	

The following are the distribution of marks for the Continuous Internal Assessment in PG Project/ Industrial Training courses.

S. No.	For- PG Project courses/ Industrial	Distribution of Marks		
	Training			
1	Review-I	8	16	
2	Review-II	8	16	
3	Review-III	8	16	
4	OBE- Rubrics	16	32	
	TOTAL MARKS	40	80	

The following are the distribution of marks for the External Examination (CE) in PG Project / /Industrial Training courses

S. No.	For- PG Project courses/ Industrial	Distribution of Marks	
	Training Courses		
1	Record Work and Presentation	40	80
2	Viva-Voce	20	40
	TOTAL MARKS		120

• The end semester examinations shall normally be conducted after completing 90 working days for each semester.



• The maximum marks for each theory and practical course (including the project work and Viva-Voce examination in the final Semester) shall be 100 with the following breakup.

(i) **Theory Courses**

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)	: 25 Marks
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End Semester Exams (ESE) : 75 Marks

(Online Exam: 10 Marks &Written Exam: 65 Marks)

(ii) For Practical Courses

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)	: 40 Marks
End Semester Exams (ESE)	: 60 Marks

Continuous Assessment OBE Rubrics Score Sheet Degree: _____ Branch: _____ Semester: _____ Course Code: _____ Course: _____ Max. Marks: Internal:_____ External: _____ Total: _____ THEORY / RUBRICS ASSESSMENT (SELECT ANY ONE) PRACTICAL & Total Marks out of : 16 / 10 / 08 / 04 LIBRARY PAPERS / CLASS ASSIGNMENTS CLASS REPORTS PRESENTATION (15) PARTICIPATION (15) (15) (15) (Compulsory) integration of Knowledge Reference / Experiments Duration of Presentation REG. NO Creativity and Speaking No. Fotal Marks out of : 30 Content & Coherence ഗ Format & Spelling Format & Spelling **Demonstration** of **Demonstration** of S Drganization Interaction & Participation **Suppledge Snowledge** (nowledge Reference ibrary Skills 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 3 3 5 5 1



a) Utilization of Library

Hours spent in Library	Marks	Type of Document submitted
2	1	
4	2	
6	3	Report/
8	4	Assignment/ Class presentation
10	5	
12	6	

Marks will be awarded to the student based on the hours spent in the library after the working hours and submission of report by the student.

- During the Library hour, the student must spend time in reading the articles, books, journals of their subject of interest
- Each student should borrow minimum three books during the semester

b) Class Participation

Active participation in classroom discussion by the student will be evaluated based on Integration of knowledge, Interaction and Participation and demonstration of knowledge.

c) Papers / Reports/ Assignments/ Class Presentation

The student will be evaluated based on his ability to do analysis of application of theory to real world problems or creative extension of class room learning and his/her ability to communicate the given topic effectively and clearly. The following are the distribution of marks for the continuous internal assessment in PG practical courses

4. FOR PROGRAMME COMPLETION

Programme Completion (for students admitted during the A.Y.2019-20 and Onwards)

Student has to complete the following:



- i) Core, EDC, DSE, Project as mentioned in the scheme
- ii) Internship / Industrial/ Institutional training as mentioned in the scheme

Students must undertake industrial / institutional training for a minimum of 15 days and not exceeding 30 days during the II semester summer vacation. The students will submit the report for evaluation during III semester.

Based on the performance Grade will be awarded as follows:

Marks Scored	Grade to be awarded
75 and above	А
60-74	В
50-59	С
< 50	Re-Appearance



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A1CA	MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS	CORE	4	1	-	4

PREAMBLE

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The knowledge in mathematical physics and its applications. ٠
- Develop expertise in mathematical techniques and problem solving skills •
- Formulate, interpret and draw inferences from mathematical solutions •

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Outline the concept of gradient, divergence, curl and matrices.	К2
CO2	Identify the definite integrals using Complex variables.	K3
CO3	Make use of the Special function and its properties through the expansion of a function in terms of orthogonal polynomials.	К3
CO4	Examine the differential equations for first and second order equations.	K4
CO5	Value the concept of tensors and group theory.	К5

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

Μ

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	S	L	S	М	М
CO2	S	L	S	L	М
CO3	S	L	S	L	М
CO4	S	М	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S
S	Strong	М	Medium	L Lo)W

Medium



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Strong

M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

Low

Total Credits:

SEMESTER I

Total Instructions Hours: 60 H

Syllabus

Unit I Vector analysis and Matrices

Concept of gradient, divergence and curl - Gauss's divergence theorem, Green's theorem and Stoke's theorem (statement and proof) - Vector algebra and vector Calculus - Types of Matrices and their properties - Rank of a Matrix - Eigenvalue and Eigenvector – Cayley-Hamilton`s theorem.

Unit II Complex Variable

Analytical functions - Cauchy-Riemann equations - Line integrals - Cauchy's theorem - Cauchy integral formula - Taylor's and Laurent's expansions - Cauchy's residue theorem - Poles - Evaluation of residues.

Unit III **Special Functions**

Legendre's differential equations: Legendre polynomials - Generating functions -Recurrence relation; Bessel's differential equation: Bessel polynomials - Generating functions - Recurrence relation; Hermite differential equation: Hermite polynomials - Generating functions - Recurrence relation; Laguerre differential equations: Laguerre polynomials - Generating functions - Recurrence relation.

Unit IV **Differential Equations**

Differential Equations: Linear Ordinary Differential equations - First order and second order equations and their various solutions – Gamma and beta functions.

Partial differential equations: Solution of Laplace equation – Solution of wave and heat equations in two dimensions.

Unit V Tensor and Group theory

Tensors: Contravariant, covariant and mixed tensors – Addition and subtraction of tensors – Symmetry and Antisymmetry tensor-Group theory: Subgroups - Classes -Homomorphism and isomorphism - Reducible and irreducible representations -Character table for simple molecular types (C2v and C3v point group).

Text Books

- Sathya Prakash. 2016. Mathematical Physics with classical mechanics, Sultan 1 Chand & Sons.
- B.D. Gupta. 2009. Mathematical Physics, 3rd Edition. Vikas Publishing 2 House



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References

- 1 Rajput, B.S. 2008. Mathematical Physics, 20 th Edition. Pragati Prakashan
- 2 Dass, H. K and Rama Verma, S. 2010. Mathematical Physics, S.Chand and Company Ltd.
- 3 Chattopadhyay, P.K. 1990. Mathematical Physics, Wiley Eastern Limited.
- 4 Greenberg, M D. 2013. Advanced Engineering mathematics, 2nd Edition. Person new international
- 5 Joshi, A.W. 1995. Matrices and Tensors in Physics, 3rd Edition. Wiley Eastern limited.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	T	Р	Credit
192PY2A1CB	THERMODYNAMICS AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS	CORE	4	1	-	4

PREAMBLE

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The concepts of thermodynamics fundamental laws of Physics •
- The various statistical distributions and their applications in Physics. •
- The concepts of phase transitions and thermodynamic functions •

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Relate the thermodynamics, microstates through thermodynamics postulates, quantities and relations	К2
CO2	Identify the micro and macroscopic properties of the mater.	К3
CO3	Inspect the classical and quantum distribution laws and their relations.	K2
CO4	Apply the transport properties, different phases of maters, equilibrium and non- equilibrium process.	К3
CO5	Explain and evaluate the heat capacities, ising model through phase transitions.	K4

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	L	М	L	М
CO2	S	L	S	М	М
CO3	S	М	S	М	S
CO4	S	L	S	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S
S	Strong	М	Medium	L Lo)W



M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

12

1

SEMESTER I

Total Credits: 4

Total Instructions Hours: 60 H

Syllabus

Unit I THERMODYNAMICS, MICROSTATES AND MACROSTATES

Basic postulates of thermodynamics – Phase space and ensembles – Fundamental relations and definition of intensive variables – Intensive variables in the entropic formulation – Equations of state – Euler relation, densities - Gibbs-Duhem relation for entropy - Microstates and macrostates – Ideal gas – Microstate and macrostate in quantum systems – Density of states and volume occupied by a quantum state.

Unit IIMICROCANONICAL, CANONICAL AND GRAND
CANONICAL ENSEMBLES12

Microcanonical distribution function – Two level system in microcanonical ensemble – Gibbs paradox – The canonical distribution function – Partition function and free energy of an ideal gas –The grand partition function – Relation between grand canonical and canonical partition functions.

Unit IIIBOSE-EINSTEIN, FERMI-DIRAC AND MAXWELL-
BOLTZMANN DISTRIBUTIONS12

Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac distributions – Thermodynamic quantities – Noninteracting Bose gas and thermodynamic relations – Chemical potential of bosons – Thermodynamic relations for non-interacting Fermi gas – Fermi gas at zero and low temperature – Fermi energy and Fermi momentum - Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution law for microstates in a classical gas - Physical interpretation of the classical limit.

Unit IV TRANSPORT AND NON-EQUILIBRIUM PROCESSES 12

Derivation of Boltzmann transport equation for change of states without and with collisions – Boltzmann equation for quantum statistics – Equilibrium distribution in Boltzmann equation – Transport processes; One speed and one dimension – Equipartition and Virial theorems –Brownian motion - Non-equilibrium process; Joule-Thompson process - Free expansion and mixing - Thermal conduction.



Unit V HEAT CAPACITIES, ISING MODEL AND PHASE TRANSITIONS

Heat capacities of heteronuclear diatomic gas – Heat capacities of homonuclear diatomic gas – One-dimensional Ising model and its solution by variational method - Phase transitions and criterion for phase transitions – Classification of phase transitions by order and by symmetry – Phase diagrams for pure systems – Clausius-Clapeyron equation – Gibbs phase rule

Text Books

- Reif. 2010. Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics Paperback, Sarat Book Distributors
- 2 Palash B Pal. 2017. An introductory course of statistical mechanics. Narosa Publishing House

References

- 1 Kittel, C. 2004. Elementary Statistical Physics, John Wiley & Sons.
- 2 Reif, F. 2010. Statistical and Thermal Physics, 5th Edition. McGraw Hill.
- **3** Gupta and Kumar. 2003. Statistical Mechanics, 0th Edition, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut.
- 4 Laud, B.B. 2012. Fundamentals of Statistical Mechanics Paperback, New Age International Private Limited.
- 5 Agarwal, B.K and Eisner, M. 2016. Statistical Mechanics, 2nd Edition. New age International Private Limited, Delhi.



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Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A1CC	CLASSICAL MECHANICS	CORE	4	-	-	4

PREAMBLE

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The concepts of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics. •
- Apply the fundamental concepts of Classical mechanics to the particle systems and rigid bodies.
- Emphasize the mathematical formulation of mechanics in problems. •

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Apply Lagrangain equation of motion to oscillator and pendulum.	К3
CO2	Construct the Hamilton equation and canonical transformation.	К3
CO3	Summarize the Hamilton-Jacobi Theory and Small oscillation	К2
CO4	Classify the Euler angle and equation through Kinematics of Rigid Body	K4
CO5	Evaluate the oscillations with simple examples through Central Force Problem and Theory of Relativity.	К5

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

Μ

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	S	L	S	М	М
CO2	S	L	S	М	М
CO3	М	L	S	L	М
CO4	S	М	S	М	S
CO5	S	S	М	S	S
S	Strong	М	Medium	L Lo)W

Medium



Strong

M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

Low

Total Credits: 4

Total Instructions Hours: 48 H

Syllabus

LAGRANGIAN FORMULATION Unit I

Lagrangian formulation: System of particles - Constraints and degrees of freedom -Generalized coordinates, force and energy - Conservation laws - Conservations of linear and angular - Momenta - D'Alemberts principle of virtual work-Lagrange's equation of motion - Applications of Lagrange equations of motion: free particle in space - Atwood's machine.

Unit II	HAMILTON'S EQUATION AND CANONICAL	10
Unit II	TRANSFORMATION	10

Calculus of variation - Principle of least action - Hamilton's principle -Hamilton's function - Lagrange's equation from Hamilton's principle - Legendre transformation and Hamilton's equation of motion. Cyclic coordinates and conservation theorem - Canonical transformations-Hamilton's canonical equations -Generating functions - Poisson brackets and its properties.

HAMILTON-JACOBI THEORY AND SMALL Unit III 9 **OSCILLATIONS**

Hamilton - Jacobi equation for Hamilton's principle function - Example: Harmonic oscillator problem - Hamilton's characteristic function - Action-angle variable -Application to Kepler problem in action angle variables. Eigen value equation -Vibrations of linear triatomic molecule.

Unit IV KINEMATICS OF RIGID BODY

Independent coordinates of rigid body - Properties of transformation matrix - Euler angle and Euler's theorem - Infinitesimal rotation - Coriolis force - Angular momentum and kinetic energy of motion about a point - Non-inertial frames and pseudo forces - Euler's equations of motion - Torque free motion of a rigid body -Heavy symmetrical top.

Reduction to the equivalent one body problem - Equation of motion and first integral - Classification of orbits - Kepler problem: Inverse-Square law of force -Transformation of scattering to laboratory coordinates. Orbits of artificial satellites, Virial theorem - Lorentz transformation, Relativistic Mechanics, Momentum vectors.



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SEMESTER I

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Text Books

- 1 Goldstein, H. Poole, C and Safko, J. 2002. Classical Mechanics, 3rd Edition. Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi.
- 2 Aruldhas, G. 2015. Classical Mechanics, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi.

References

- 1 Gutpa, S.L. Kumar, V and Sharma, H.V. 2016. Classical Mechanics, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut.
- 2 Gupta, K.C. 2018. Classical Mechanics of Particles and Rigid Bodies, 3rd Edition. New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.
- **3** Rana, N.C and Joag, P J. 2015. Classical Mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 4 Upadhaya, J.C. 2017. Classical Mechanics, 2nd Edition. Himalaya Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 5 Gupta, B.D and Sathya Prakash. 2015. Classical mechanics, revised Edition. Keder Nath Publishers, Meerut.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A1CD	ELECTRONICS	CORE	4	-	-	4

PREAMBLE

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The various types of Diodes, transistors and their applications.
- Acquire knowledge on operational amplifiers and apply them in various applications.
- Acquire knowledge on semiconductor memories and A/D and D/A convertors.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Outline about various semiconductor diodes.	К2
CO2	Identify and Construct various transistors biasing and Opto Electronic devices	К3
CO3	Interpret the operational amplifier with their applications	K5
CO4	Examine the principle and working of various semiconductor memories.	K4
CO5	Solve analog to digital convertors (ADC) and digital to analog convertors (DAC)	К3

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

Μ

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	L	М	L	М
CO2	S	L	S	М	S
CO3	S	М	S	S	S
CO4	S	М	S	М	S
CO5	S	L	S	М	S

Medium

L



S

Strong

M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

Low

9

Total Credits: 4

SEMESTER I

Total Instructions Hours: 48 H

Syllabus

Unit I SEMICONDUCTOR DIODES

Introduction to Semiconductor- PN Junction diode – Zener diode- Gunn diode-Tunnel diode- Photo diode - schottky diode – Impatt diode-Characteristics and Applications.

Unit II TRANSISTOR BIASING AND OPTO ELECTRONIC 9 DEVICES

Thevenin's and Norton's theorems - Transistor action- PNP - NPN transistors – Transistor biasing and stabilization - Need for biasing - operating point - Two port Network - Hybrid model – h parameters – JFET – UJT- SCR.

Unit III OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER APPLICATIONS 10

Operational Amplifier- CMRR-Slew rate -Instrumentation amplifier – V to I and I to V converter – Op-amp stages- Equivalent circuits - Sample and Hold circuits. Applications of Op-Amp: Inverting, Non- inverting Amplifiers- circuits – Adder-Subtractor- Differentiator- Integrator- Schmitt Trigger – Triangular wave generator – Sine wave generator – Active filters: Low, High and Band pass first and second order Butterworth filters.

Unit IV SEMICONDUCTOR MEMORIES 10

Classification of memories and sequential memory – Static Shift Register, ROM, PROM and EPROM principle and operation Read & Write memory - Static RAM, Content Addressable Memory - principle, block diagram and operation. Programmable Logic Array (PLA) - Operation. Charge Couple Device (CCD) - Principle, Construction, Working and Data transfer mechanism.

Unit V A/D AND D/A CONVERTER 10

Sampling theorem-Time division multiplexing – Quantization – DAC- Weighted resistor method – Binary Ladder network – ADC – successive approximation, Dual slope and Counter method – Voltage to Frequency conversion and Voltage to Time conversion



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Text Books

- 1 Jain, R.P. 2007. Modern Digital Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2 Coughlin, R.F and Driscol, F.F. 1996. Op-Amp and linear integrated circuits Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

References

- 1 Ramakant A. Gayakwad. 2015. Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circits, 4th Edition. Pearson Education.
- 2 Albert Malvino and David J Bates. 2007. Electronic Principles, 7th Edition. McGraw Hill
- 3 Mehta, V.K. 2001. Principles of Electronics, 6th Revised Edition. S.Chand and Company.
- 4 David, A. 2007. Electronic Devices and Circuits, 4th Edition, Prentice Hall.
- 5 MehtaV.K & Rohit Mehta, Principles of Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited New Delhi, 2014, 11th edition



Total Credits:2Total Instructions Hours:48 H

S.No	Contents
1	Determination of Stefans constant
2	Determination of specific heat capacity of metal-Forbes Method
3	Determination of Specific Heat capacity of Liquid -Ferguson Method.
4	Young's Modulus- Elastic constants of the material -Elliptical fringes
5	Dielectric loss using CRO
6	Determination of the wavelength of laser source - transmission grating
7	Study of PN junction-Study of depletion capacitance and its variation with reverse bias
8	Determine unknown resistance using a Kelvin double bridge experiment
9	Determination of refractive index of liquid-Air wedge
10	Determination of Audio Frequency-Bridge method.
11	Characteristics of LDR
12	Determination of Planck 's constant
13	Thermal conductivity of liquid and air by Lee`s disc method
14	Elementary experiments using Laser: (a) Study of Gaussian nature of laser beam (b) Evaluation of beam spotsize (c) Measurement of divergence (d) Diameter of a thin wire
15	Diffracrtion Experiments using lasers (a)Diffraction by single slit/double slit/circular aperture



References

- 1. Dunlap RA. 1988. Experimental Physics: Modern methods, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 2. Smith E V. 1970. Manual for experiments in Applied Physics, Butterworths.
- **3.** Malacara D. 1988. Methods of Experiments Physics, Series of Volume, Academic Press, Inc.
- 4. B.L. Worsnop and H.T. Flint Advanced Practical Physics for students -Methusen & Co (1950)
- 5. S.P. Singh -Advanced Practical Physics Vol I & II Pragati Prakasan, Meerut (2003) -13th Edition



Total Credits:2Total Instructions Hours:48 H

S.No	Contents		
1	Waveform generation - Sine Wave		
2	Construction of Hartley oscillator using OP-AMP		
3	Construction of an Astable Multivibrator		
4	Construction of Differentiator, Integrator circuit using OP-AMP		
5	Construction of Adder, Subtractor, Sign Changer circuit using OP-AMP		
6	Shift Register		
7	Clipping, Clamping circuits		
8	Differential Amplifier-OP-AMP		
9	Characteristics of FET		
10	Analog to digital Converter using Op-Amp		
11	Triangular waveform generation using Op-Amp		
12	Phase Shift Oscillator		
13	IC Regulated and dual power supply		
14	Wave form generation -Square Wave		
15	Modulus counter using IC 7490		



References

- **1.** Jones B K. 1986. Electronics for Experimentation and research, Prentice- Hall.
- 2. Zbar P B., Malvino A P and Miller M A. 1994, Basic Electronics: A text lab manual, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 3. A.P. Malvino. 1992. Basic Electronics A text lab manual Tata McGraw Hill
- **4.** R. Bogart and J. Brown. 1985. Experiments for electronic devices and circuits Merrill International series
- 5. S.P. Singh. 2003. Pragati Advanced Practical Physics Vol I & II Pragati Prakasan Meerut



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A1DA	ENVIRONMENTAL PHYSICS	ELECTIV E	4	I	I	4

PREAMBLE

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The various types of Diodes, transistors and their applications.
- Acquire knowledge on operational amplifiers and apply them in various applications.
- Acquire knowledge on semiconductor memories and A/D and D/A convertors.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Relate the natural resources and its biological control of chemical factors in the ecosystem	К2
CO2	CO2 Build the dynamics of physical soil components and their phases of bioremediation.	
CO3	Identify the physio-chemical and biological hazards on environment.	K5
CO4	Analyze the environmental hazards through various instrumental techniques.	K4
CO5	Motive to learn the various environmental law and policy of India.	K3

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	S	L	S	L	М
CO2	S	L	S	М	S
CO3	S	L	S	М	S
CO4	S	М	S	S	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	М

Medium

L



S

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Μ

Strong

M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

Low

Total Credits: 4

SEMESTER I

Total Instructions Hours: 48 H

Syllabus

Unit I Atmosphere and Ecosystems

Environmental components - Evolution of atmosphere - Chemical and photochemical reactions in the atmosphere - Hydrosphere - Lithosphere -Ecosystems: Law of thermodynamics and energy flow in ecosystem - Ecosystem productivity - Material cycle in ecosystem - Carbon cycle, Oxygen cycle -Biological control of chemical factors in the environment.

Unit II Soil Physics and Bioremediation

Properties of water in relation to porous media - Soil texture - Clay colloidal surface - Geometry of pore space and pore size distribution - Soil strength and its measurements - Soil pollution - Control of soil pollution - Geomicrobial transformations - Principles of Bioremediation - Biodegradation in soil ecosystem.

Unit III Current environmental issues 10

Physico chemical and biological characteristics of waste water - Calculation of chlorine dosage - Sludge processing and disposal methods - Tannery - Industrial effluent treatment - Global carbon dioxide impact on environment - Radiation hazards - Measurement and effect of radiations - Deforestation.

echniques of analysis 10
echniques of analysis 10

Atomic absorption spectrophotometry - Inductively coupled plasma emission spectroscopy - Agarrose gel electrophoresis - Radiochemical analysis - Isotope dilution - Application of isotopes in biological and environmental studies - Ionselective electrodes - Gravimetry - Air quality monitoring techniques.

Unit V Environmental law and policy

Concept and evaluation methodology - Industrial ecology - The water act, 1974 -The environmental protection act, 1986 – The forest act, 1968 – The atomic energy act, 1962 - International environmental policy – Land use policy for India.



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- 1 S.C.Santra. 2017. Environmental Sciences, new central book agency, ISBN: 9788173814044.
- 2 A.K.De. 2006. Environmental chemistry, 5th Edition. new age international publishers.

- 1 Kothari D.P, Singal K.C and Rakesh Ranjan. 2014. Renewable energy sources and emerging technologies, second edition. New Delhi.
- 2 R.Lal and M.K Shukla. 2004. Principles of soil physics, Marcel Dekker, New York.
- 3 Egbert Boeker & Rienk Van Groundelle. 2011. -Environmental Physics John Wiley- 2nd edition
- 4 Skoog. D.A, Holler. F.J and Crouch. S.R. 2007. Principles of Instrumental analysis, Thomson Brroks/Cole, Belmont, Ca.
- 5 Baker. K.H and Herson D.S. 1994. Bioremediation, McGraw-Hill Inc, New York.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A1DB	CRYSTAL GROWTH AND THIN FILM PHYSICS	ELECTIV E	4	-	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The various experimental techniques for crystal growth.
- Choose various growth techniques for thin film deposition.
- Summarize various characterization techniques like XRD, SEM, TEM, AFM.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Develop the concepts of crystal growth technique through Nucleation and Kinetics of growth.	К3
CO2	Relate the various experimental techniques for crystal growth.	К2
CO3	Identify various preparation methods like gel, melt and vapor growth techniques of crystal	К3
CO4	Construct the thin films deposition in various techniques	К3
CO5	Analyze the various characterization techniques for both crystal and thin film samples.	K4

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

Μ

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	S	L	S	М	S
CO2	S	L	S	L	М
CO3	S	L	S	L	М
CO4	S	М	S	L	М
CO5	S	М	S	М	S

Medium

L



S

Strong

M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

Low

10

9

10

Total Credits: 4 **Total Instructions Hours:** 48 H

Syllabus

Unit I BASIC CONCEPTS, NUCLEATION AND KINETICS OF GROWTH

Ambient phase equilibrium – Equilibrium of finite phases - Equation of Thomson-Gibbs – Types of nucleation – Formation of critical nucleus – Classical theory of nucleation – Rate of nucleation – Growth from vapor phase, solutions and melts – Epitaxial growth – Growth mechanism and classification – Kinetics of growth of epitaxial films.

Unit IICRYSTALLIZATION PRINCIPLES AND GROWTH
TECHNIQUES9

Classes of crystal system – Crystal symmetry – Solvents and solutions – Solubility diagram – Metastable zone and induction period – Miers TC diagram – Solution growth – Low and high temperatures solution growth – Slow cooling and solvent evaporation methods.

Unit III GEL, MELT AND VAPOR GROWTH TECHNIQUES

Principle of gel technique – Various types of gel - Structure and importance of gel – Methods of gel growth and advantages - Melt technique – Czochralski growth– Bridgeman method – Horizontal gradient freeze – Hydrothermal growth – Vaporphase growth – Physical vapor deposition – Chemical vapor deposition.

Unit IV THIN FILM DEPOSITION TECHNIQUES 10

Vacuum evaporation - Hertz-Knudsen equation - Evaporation from a source and film thickness uniformity - E-beam, pulsed laser and ion beam evaporations - Mechanisms and yield of sputtering processes – DC, magnetically enhanced, reactive sputtering – Spray pyrolysis – Electro deposition – Sol-gel technique.

Unit V CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES

X-ray diffraction – Powder and single crystal – Fourier transform infrared analysis – Elemental dispersive X-ray analysis – Transmission and scanning electron microscopy – UV-vis-NIR spectrometer – Vickers micro hardness – Basic principles and operations of AFM and STM - X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy for chemical analysis – Photoluminescence.



- 1 Markov, I.V. 2004. Crystal Growth for Beginners: Fundamentals of Nucleation, Crystal growth and Epitaxy,2nd edition.
- 2 Santhanaragavan, P and Ramasamy, P. 2001. Crystal Growth Process and Methods, KRU Publications, Kumbakonam.

- 1 Brice, J.C. 1986. Crystal Growth Process, John Wiley, New York.
- 2 Ohring, M. 2002. Materials Science of Thin Films, 2nd Edition. Academic Press, Boston.
- 3 Kaufmann, E.N. 2012. Characterization of Materials, Volume-I, John Wiley, New Jersey
- 4 Goswami, A. 2008. Thin Film Fundamentals, New Age, New Delhi.
- 5 Zhang, S. Li, L and Kumar, A. 2000. Materials Characterization Techniques CRC Press, Bota Racon.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A1DC	LASER PHYSICS AND NON LINEAR OPTICS	ELECTIVE	4	-	I	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The basis of laser and its operation. •
- The characteristics and focusing of laser beam •
- The theory and applications of non-linear optics •

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Explain the principle and construction of various lasers.	K2
CO2	Identify the operation technique of lasers.	K3
CO3	Construct the laser beam characteristics.	К3
CO4	Inspect the focusing of Laser beam.	K4
CO5	Examine the Non linear optical media and make use in various applications.	K4

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

Μ

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	S	L	S	М	М
CO2	S	L	S	М	S
CO3	S	L	S	М	S
CO4	S	М	S	S	S
CO5	S	М	S	S	S
S	Strong	М	Medium	L Lo)W

Medium

L

Strong

M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

Low

43

Total Credits: 4 **Total Instructions Hours:** 48 H

Syllabus

Unit I LASERS-FUNDAMENTALS AND TYPES

Basic Construction and Principle of Lasing-Einstein Relations and Gain Coefficient -Creation of a Population Inversion- Three - Level System - Four - Level System - Laser types - He-Ne Laser-CO2 Laser - Nd:YAG Laser- Semiconductor Laser.

Unit II LASER OPERATION

Optical Resonator - Laser Modes - Axial modes - Transverse modes - Modification in Basic Laser Structure - Basic Principle of Mode Locking - Active Mode Locking -Passive Mode Locking - Q-Switching.

LASER BEAM CHARACTERISTICS Unit III

Wavelength – Coherence - Mode and Beam Diameter – Polarizations -Introduction to Gaussian Beam width - Rayleigh Range - Guoy Phase Shift - 3-D Gaussian Beams - ABCD Law for Gaussian Beam - The Complex Radius of Curvature -Tensorial ABCD Law.

Unit IV FOCUSING OF LASER BEAM 10

Diffraction - Limited spot size - Spherical Aberration - Thermal Lensing Effects of Focus - Tight focusing of laser Depth beam -Angular Spectrum Representation of Optical Near Field - Focusing of Higher order laser modes -Radially Polarized Doughnut mode.

Unit V NON LINEAR OPTICS

Introduction - Nonlinear Optical Media - The Nonlinear Wave Equation -Scattering Theory Born Approximation - Second-order Nonlinear Optics-Second -Harmonic Generation (SHG) - The Electro-Optic Effect - Three-Wave Mixing -Frequency and Phase Matching - Third Harmonic Generation - Optical Kerr Effect - Self-Focusing.



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- 1 Mills, D.L. 1998. Nonlinear Optics Basic Concepts, Springer, Berlin.
- 2 Laud, L.L. 1991. Lasers and Nonlinear Optics, 2nd Edition. New Age International (P) Ltd, New Delhi.

References

Subhash Chandra Singh, HaiboZeng, ChunleiGuo, and WeipingCai. 2012.

- 1 Nanomaterials: Processing and Characterization with Lasers, Wiley VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA.
- 2 Walter Koechner. 1993. Solid state Laser Engineering, 6th edition. Springer.
- 3 Novotny. L and Hecht, B. 2006. Principles of Nano optics, Cambridge University Press.
- 4 Skoog. D.A, Holler. F.J and Crouch. S.R. 2007. Principles of Instrumental analysis, Thomson Brroks/Cole, Belmont, Ca.
- 5 Dr. M.N. Avadhanulu Dr. P.S. Hemne. 2013. An Introduction to Lasers theory and applications, S. Chand and Co.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A2CA	CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS	CORE	4	1	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The crystalline structure, lattice vibration of atoms
- The free electron, band theory and magnetism
- The concepts of dielectric and superconductor

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Outline the crystal structure and bonding of atoms	K2
CO2	Illustrate the lattice vibration of atoms and thermal properties	К2
CO3	Solve free electron theory by Fermi Dirac distribution and bloch theorem	К3
CO4	Identify the classification and theory of magnetic materials and dielectric	К3
CO5	Examine the theory on superconductivity, its applications and imperfection in crystals	K4

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	S	L
CO2	М	М	М	S	L
CO3	S	S	S	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	М
CO5	S	S	S	S	S
S Stroi	ng	M Medi	um	L Low	



Total Credits: 4

SEMESTER II

Total Instruction Hours: 60 h

Syllabus

Unit I Crystal Structure and Binding

Crystalline solids - Bravais Lattice - Miller planes and spacing - Structural features of NaCl, CsCl - Diamond - ZnS - Reciprocal lattice – Reciprocal lattice to BCC and FCC crystals - Ionic bond - Madelung constant for NaCl lattice - Covalent bond – Heitler - London Theory – Metallic bond – Vander Wall's bond: Crystal of inert gases.

Unit II Lattice Vibration and Thermal Properties 12 h

Theory of Wave motion of one dimensional atomic lattice - Group and phase velocity - Phonons – Phonon momentum – Inelastic scattering of neutron by phonons - Thermal properties: Einstein's theory of specific heat – Debye's model of lattice specific heat - Umklapp process.

Unit IIIFree Electron and Band Theory12 h

Failure of classical free electron theory – Fermi Dirac distribution - Matthiessen's rule – Magnetoresistance - Bloch theorem - Kronig Penney model - Extended, Reduced and periodic zone schemes – Tight binding approximation – Brillouin Zone - Construction of Fermisurfaces - De Haas-van Alphen effect.

Unit IV Magnetism and Dielectrics

Classification of magnetic materials – Quantum theory of paramagnetism -Adiabatic demagnetization - Quantum theory of ferromagnetism - Heisenberg's interpretation of Weiss field - Magnons - Thermal excitation of magnons. Dielectric constant – Electrostriction and piezoelectricity – Ferroelectricity – Ferroelectric domains - Applications.

Unit VSuperconductivity and Crystal Imperfections12 h

Magnetic properties of superconductor – Type I and Type II Super conductors – Isotope effect – Thermodynamics effect and superconducting transition: entropy and specific heat - London equation - DC Josephson effect - AC Josephson effect -High temperature super conductors – Applications - Point imperfections – Frenkel and Schottky defects – Dislocation - Burger Vectors.



12 h

12 h

- 1 Gupta S L and Kumar V , (2017). Solid state Physics. (9 Edn.) Meerut: K.Nath & Co.
- Charles Kittel, (2017). Introduction to Solid State Physics. (8Edn.) New delhi:
 Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.

- 1 Pillai., S O. (2018). Solid State Physics. (8 Edn.) New delhi:New age international Publisher .
- 2 Rita John, (2014). Solid State Physics. (Edn.) New Delhi: Tata Mc Graw Hill Publications.
- Philip Phillips ,I (2012). Advanced Solid State Physics. (2 Edn.) : Cambridge University Press..
- 4 Patterson J D ,Bailey B C,. (2007). Solid-State Physics: Introduction to the Theory. (Edn.) New delhi : Springer Publications..



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A2CB	QUANTUM MECHANICS - I	CORE	4	1	I	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The Schrödinger wave equation with the function of time
- Quantum mechanics to dimensional wave equations and identical particles
- The matrix formulation of quantum theory, scattering theory

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Explain basic concept and the application of Schrödinger wave equation	К2
CO2	Solve one dimensional problem and apply it to simple harmonic oscillator	К3
CO3	Utilize quantum mechanics to three dimensional wave equations	К3
CO4	Compare Heisenberg and Schrödinger wave equations	K2
CO5	Identify angular momentum and the system of identical particles	К3

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	М
CO2	S	S	S	М	S
CO3	S	S	М	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	М
CO5	S	S	S	S	S
S Strong M Medi			um	L Low	



12 h

<u>|</u>_____

SEMESTER II

Total Credits: 4

Total Instruction Hours: 60 h

Syllabus

Unit I Foundations of Wave Mechanics

Postulates of quantum mechanics - Eigen values and functions – Hermitian Operator - Time dependent Schrödinger equation – Free particle – Operator for momentum and energy - Interpretation of the wave function – Probability of interpretation, Current density, Expectation Values - Ehrenfest's theorem – Time independent Schrödinger equation

Unit IIEigen Spectrum, Identical Particles and Spin12 h

Equation of motion – Schrödinger, Heisenberg representation - Square well potential with rigid walls - Square well potential with finite walls - Square well potential barrier - Alpha emission - Identical Particles – Exchange operator -Symmetry and anti-symmetric wave functions - Pauli's exclusion principle -Inclusion of spin

Unit III Three-Dimensional Problems and Angular Momentum 12 h

Particle in a spherical well - Hydrogen atom – Rigid Rotator - Angular momentum operator – Eigen value and Eigen function of L2 and Lz– Eigen value of J2 and Jz – Addition of angular momenta – Clebsh Gordan coefficients – Selection rules

Unit IV Matrix Formulation and WKB Approximation 12 h

Matrix representation of wave function – Matrix representation of operator – Properties of matrix elements –Schrodinger equation in matrix form – Linear harmonic oscillator: Matrix method. The WKB method – Connection formulas – Validity of WKB method – Barrier penetration.

Unit V Scattering Theory

12 h

Scattering by a perfectly rigid sphere - Scattering by a coulomb field - Green's functions – Born approximation and its validity – Applications of the born approximation – Scattering by a square well potential – Scattering from an exponential potential – Scattering by a Gaussian potentials



- 1 Aruldhas, G (2016). Quantum Mechanics. (2nd Edn.) : PHI Learning (P) Ltd.
- 2 Gupta ,S.L. (2015). Quantum Mechanics. (33rd Edn.) Location: Jai Prakash Nath Publications.

- 1 Satya Prakash , (2018). Quantum Mechanics. (5th Edn.) Location: Ram Nath and Co. Publications.
- **2** Ghatak and Lokanathan, (2015). Quantum Mechanics Theory and Applications. (5th Edn.) Location: Macmillan India Ltd Publication.
- 3 Leonard I. Schiff, (1968). Quantum Mechanics. (3rd Edn.) Location: McGraw-Hill International Publication.
- 4 Thankappan, V. K. (2003). Quantum Mechanics. (2nd Edn.) Location: New Age International (P) Ltd.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	T	Р	Credit
192PY2A2CC	SPECTROSCOPY	CORE	4	I	I	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The different techniques of spectroscopy and their applications.
- The Raman, nuclear magnetic and electron spin spectroscopy.
- The nuclear quadrupole resonance, SERS and surface spectroscopy.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Identify the modes of vibration and rotation in molecules using IR spectroscopy.	К3
CO2	Apply the theory of Raman spectroscopy for structure determination.	K3
CO3	Examine the spectra of Nuclear magnetic Resonance and Electron Spin Resonance.	K4
CO4	Explain the principle of Nuclear Quadrupole Resonance and Mossbauer spectroscopy.	K2
CO5	Select the type of spectroscopy for interaction of electromagnetic waves with matter.	K3

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	S	S	S	М	S
CO2	S	S	S	М	S
CO3	М	М	М	L	S
CO4	М	М	М	S	L
CO5	S	S	S	М	S
S Strong M Medium L Low					



SEMESTER II

Total Credits: 4 **Total Instruction Hours:** 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I Infrared Spectroscopy

Vibrational energy of a diatomic molecule - Infrared selection rules -Vibrating diatomic molecule- Normal modes of vibration in crystal - Interpretation of vibrational spectra - Group frequencies - IR spectrophotometer Instrumentation-Fourier Transform Infrared spectroscopy (Principle and Working) - Applications.

Rotation of Molecules: Classification of molecules- Interaction of radiation with rotating molecules-Rotational spectra of rigid diatomic molecules.

Unit II Raman Spectroscopy

Theory of Raman scattering - Rotational Raman spectra - Vibrational Raman spectra - Mutual exclusion principle - Raman spectrometer - Sample handling techniques - Polarization of Raman scattered light - Structure determination using IR and Raman spectroscopy - Raman investigation of phase transitions -Resonance Raman scattering.

Unit III Nuclear Magnetic and Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy 10 h

Magnetic properties of nuclei- Resonance condition – NMR Instrumentation – Relaxation Processes - Bloch equations - Chemical shift.

Electron spin resonance introduction -Principle of ESR - ESR spectrometer – Total Hamiltonian – Hyperfine structure - ESR spectrum of hydrogen atom- Electron system coupled to a nucleus.

Unit IV Nuclear Quadrupole Resonance and Mossbauer Spectroscopy 9 h

Principle of Nuclear Quadrupole Resonance – Transitions for Axially and Nonaxially Symmetric Systems – NQR Instrumentation – Chemical Bonding – Hydrogen bonding.

The Mossbauer effect -Recoilless emission and absorption - Experimental Techniques - Isomer shift – Quadrupole Interaction - Magnetic hyperfine interaction – Applications - Electronic and molecular structure.

Unit V Surface Enhanced Raman Scattering and Surface Spectroscopy 9 h

Surfaces for SERS study – Enhancement mechanism – Surface selection rules – SERS microprobe – Applications of SERS

Electron energy loss spectroscopy (EELS) – Reflectance Absorbance–IR spectroscopy (RAIRS) – Photo electron spectroscopy (PES) – X-ray photo electron spectroscopy (XPES). Dr.NGPASC



COIMBATORE | INDIA

10 h

10 h

- 1 Aruldhas,G (2017). Molecular structure and spectroscopy. (2nd Edn.) New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
 - Colin N. Banwell and Elaine M. McCash, I.N. (2016). Fundamentals of
- 2 Molecular Spectroscopy. (4Edn.) India: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd.

- 1 Sharma,Y.R. (2013). Elementary Organic Spectroscopy Principles and Chemical Applications. (Edn.) India: S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd.
- 2 Straughen R.P. and S. Walker, (1976). Spectroscopy. (Edn.) London: Chapman & Hall.
- 3 Jag Mohan,. (2004). Organic Spectroscopy Principles and Applications. (2 Edn.) India: Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 4 William Kemp,. (2002). Organic Spectroscopy. (3 Edn.) New York: Palgrave Publishers Ltd.



CORE PRACTICAL : SOLID STATE AND SPECTROSCOPY

Total Credits:2Total Instructions Hours:48 h

S.No	Contents
1	Young's Modulus- Elastic constants of the material -Hyperbolic fringes
2	Determination of refractive index of liquid - He-Ne laser
3	Polarimeter-Optical activity of specific rotation
4	Determination of e / m-Thomson method
5	Determination of Rydberg's constant-Solar spectrum
6	Determination of Hall Effect
7	Band gap energy- Thermistor
8	Determination of Refractive index of liquid-Newton's ring
9	Two Probe Method for Resistivity Measurement
10	Study of dielectric constant and Curie Temperature of magnetic materials
	Note : Any 8 experiments

- **1.** Malacara D. 1988. Methods of Experiments Physics, Series of Volume, Academic Press, Inc.
- 2. Smith E V. 1970. Manual for experiments in Applied Physics, Butterworths.
- **3.** Dunlap RA. 1988. Experimental Physics: Modern methods,Oxford University Press, New Delhi.



S.No

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

Total Credits: 2

Total Instructions Hours: 48 h

Contents Construction of Colpitt's Oscillator using Op-Amp 741 Construction of Bistable Multivibrator Schmitt Trigger using OP-Amp 741 Characteristics of UJT 2N 2646 Inverting, Non-inverting, Voltage Follower using OP-AMP 741 Characteristics of Tunnel Diode 1N3716 Analog to Digital converter using IC 74148 Log amplifier using OP-AMP 741 Op-AMP 741 -current to voltage and Voltage to current converter

10 Low pass, High pass and Band pass Filter using OP-Amp 741

Note : Any 8 experiments

- K. A. Navas. 2018. Electronics Lab Manual, [6th edition]. PHI Learning Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- **2.** Thomas C. Hayes. 2016. Learning the Art of Electronics A Hand on Lab Course. Cambridge University Press.
- **3.** S. Poorna Chandra and B.Sasikala. 2005. Electronics Laboratory Primer, S. Chand & Company
- David A. Bell. 2004. Laboratory manual for Electronic devices and Circuits.
 4th Edition. PHI Learning.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192MT2A2IB	NUMERICAL METHODS	EDC	4		١	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The system of Linear equations using various Numerical Methods
- The Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations
- The Numerical Differentiation and Integrations

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Apply the Numerical solution of Linear equations for bisection method	K3
CO2	Solve the set of Linear Algebraic equations.	К3
CO3	Interpret the concept of Numerical differentiation and integration	К2
CO4	Identify the Interpolation Formulae for equal intervals	К3
CO5	Solve the Ordinary Differential Equations	К3

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S S	
CO3	S	S	S	М	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S
S Strong M Medium L Low					



Total Credits: 4 **Total Instruction Hours:** 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I	Solution of Numerical Algebraic and Transcendental		
Unit I	equations	0 11	

Solution of Numerical Algebraic and Transcendental equations- Introduction-Bisection method- Method of False Position method- Geometrical interpretation-the iteration method –Newton's Raphson Method

Unit II Solution of Simultaneous Linear Algebraic Equations 10 h

Solution of Simultaneous Linear Algebraic Equations -Direct method - Gauss Elimination Method - Gauss - Jordan Method - Inversion Matrix using Gauss elimination method - Method of Triangularization.

Unit III Central Difference Interpolation Formulae (for equal intervals 10 h

Central Difference Interpolation Formulae (for equal intervals) - Introduction-Gauss forward interpolation formulae- Gauss backward interpolation formulae-Stirling's formula and Bessel's formula

Unit IV	Numerical Differentiation and Integration	10 h
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Numerical Differentiation- Introduction- Newtons Forward and Backward difference formula -Numerical integration: Trapezoidal Rule- Simpsons 1/3 Rule-Simpsons 3/4 rule- Boole's and Weddle's Rule

Unit V Numerical Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations 10 h

Numerical Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations - Introduction- Solution by Taylor's Series- Picard's method of successive Approximations – Euler's Methods-Error Estimates for the Euler Method-Modified Euler's method- Runge Kutta Method.



1 Kandasamy,P Thilagavathy.K Gunavathy. K (2015). Numerical Methods. (2nd Edn.) New Delhi: S Chand and Co.

- 1 Sastry,S.S. (2006). Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis. (4 th Edn.) New Jersey : Prentice Hall.
- 2 Hoffman,D. (2004). Numerical Methods for Scientists and Engineers. (2nd Edn.) New York: Taylor & Francis Group.
- 3 Steven ,C, Raymond .P. (2007). Numerical Methods for Engineers and Scientists. (2nd Edn.) New Delhi : TATA McGraw Hill Education.
- 4 Curtis , F. (2002). Applied Numerical Analysis. (2nd Edn.) New Delhi : Pearson Education Asia.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	T	Р	Credit
192PY2A2DA	ENERGY PHYSICS	ELECTIVE	4	I	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The renewable energy sources, its types, advantages and disadvantages
- The photovoltaic systems and its applications
- The sources of alternate energy

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Outline about energy sources and their availability	K2
CO2	Illustrate non-conventional energy sources	K2
CO3	Explain biomass energy and the generation of bio gas	K2
CO4	Utilize the principle solar cells to find its applications	К3
CO5	Summarize additional energy sources and its developments	К2

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	S	L
CO2	М	М	М	S	L
CO3	М	М	М	S	L
CO4	S	S	S	S	М
CO5	S	S	S	S	S
S Stron	ng	M Medi	um	L Low	



SEMESTER II

Total Credits: 4 **Total Instruction Hours:** 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I Energy Source

Introduction to energy source – Types of energy - Energy sources and their availability - Nuclear power: Nuclear fission- Nuclear fusion - Renewable energy sources - Extraterrestrial solar radiation - Effect of earth's atmosphere - Measurement and estimation of solar radiation.

Unit II Renewable Energy

Wind energy: basic principle and classification of wind turbines - Types of rotors: Multiblade rotor, Propeller rotor, Savonious rotor, Darrieus rotor - Types of wind machines: horizontal axis, vertical axis wind turbine – Advantages and disadvantages of wind energy system.

Hydrogen energy: Hydrogen production processes – Hydrogen storage: Compressed gas storage, liquid storage and solid state storage.

Unit III Photovoltaic Systems

Introduction - Photovoltaic principle - Power output and conversion efficiency -Limitation to photovoltaic efficiency - Basic photovoltaic system for power generation - Advantages and disadvantages of photovoltaic solar energy conservation - Types of solar cells: Silicon solar cell, Gallium Arsenide cells -Application of solar photovoltaic systems.

Unit IV Solar Energy

Solar constant – Solar radiation outside the earth's atmosphere - Solar radiation at the earth's surface – Solar energy measuring equipment's: Pyrheliometers-Pyranometers - Solar Thermal devices and systems: Solar water heater – Types of solar water heater – Solar Cooker and its merits and demerits - Solar pumping-solar furnace.

Unit VAdditional Alternate Energy Sources9 h

Introduction and principles of Magneto hydro dynamic(MHD) – open and closed cycle systems – materials for MHD generators –MHD design problems and developments – Electrical conditions – Advantages of MHD systems.



9 h

10 h

10 h

10 h

- 1 Kothari, D.P., Singal, Rakesh Ranjan, K.C., (2008). Renewable Energy Sources and Emerging Technologies. (2nd Edn.) New Delhi:Prentice Hall.
- 2 Rai,G.D. (1995). Solar Energy Utilization. (05thEdn.) New Delhi: Khanna Publishers.

- 1 Agarwal,M.P. (1983). Solar Energy. (1st Edn.) New Delhi: S.Chand & Company Ltd.
- 2 Sukhatme, S.P. (1996). Solar Energy. (2nd Edn.) New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- **3** Rai,G.D. (2004). Non-Conventional Energy Sources. (4th Edn.) New Delhi: Khanna Publishers.
- 4 John Twidell, Tony Weir, (2005). Renewable Energy Resources.. (1st Edn.) New York: Taylor & Francis.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A2DB	MATERIALS PHYSICS AND PROCESSING TECHNIQUES	ELECTIVE	4	I	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The basic parameters and properties of engineering materials.
- The plasma processing, vacuum techniques and their types.
- The growth technique and characterization of nanomaterial.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Explain the growth process of crystals.	K2
CO2	Summarize plasma processing and its types.	K2
CO3	Classify Vacuum techniques and pressure gauges.	K4
CO4	Make use of crystal growth methods in preparation.	К3
CO5	Explain the working principle of characterization tools.	K2

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	М
CO2	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S
S Stron	ng	M Medi	um	L Low	



SEMESTER II

Total Credits: 4 **Total Instruction Hours:** 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I Crystal Growth

Significance of crystal growth - Naturally occurring crystal growth processes - Crystal growth processes in laboratory and industrial scale - Classification of crystal growth methods - Growth from solutions - Nucleation: Homogeneous and heterogeneous, Solubility phase diagram-Saturation - Super saturation - Growth from gel - Growth from flux - Growth from melt - Bridgmann method -Czochralski crystal pulling technique - Sublimation method.

Unit II Plasma Processing

Basics of plasma: Introduction - Types of plasma - Properties of plasma - V-I characteristics - Advantages of plasma processing - Thermal plasma - Principles of plasma generation - DC plasma torches - AC plasma torches - RF plasma torches - Plasma spraying - Structure of sprayed deposits - Plasma decomposition - Plasma melting and re-melting - Non-thermal plasma - Glow discharge plasma - Plasma reactors for surface treatment.

Unit III Vacuum Techniques

Units and range of vacuum – Surface processes and out gassing – Gas flow mechanism – Classification of pumps : Positive displacement pumps, Kinetic pumps, Entrapment pumps - Classification of pressure gauges : Total pressure gauges, Hydrostatic pressure gauges, Thermal conductivity gauges, Ionization gauges – Vacuum system : simple rotary, diffusion, turbo molecular, ultra-high vacuum and cryo-pumped systems.

Unit IVGrowth Technique of Thinfilms and Nanomaterials9 h

Plasma arc discharge - sputtering - chemical vapour deposition - pulsed laser deposition - molecular beam epitaxy - Electrochemical deposition - SILAR method -Sol-Gel Technique - Hydrothermal growth - Ball Milling – Combustion synthesis – Microwave synthesis – Co precipitation.

Unit V Characterization Tools

9 h

Working principles and instrumentation – XRD – XPS – AES- SIMS - RBS– LEED - AFM – SEM – STM.



10 h

10 h

10 h

- 1 Raghavan.,V (2018). Materials Science and Engineering. (6th Edn.) Delhi: PHI Learning P Ltd.
- 2 Rajendran,V. (2017). Materials Science. (Edn.) Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Company Ltd..

- 1 Maissel and Glange.,. (1970). Handbook of Thin Film Technology.. (1st Edn.) Delhi: McGraw Hill..
- 2 Roth,A. (1990). RothVacuum Technology.. (3 rd Edn.) North Holland: science elsevier .
- Pipko A, Pliskosky V].,. (1984). T Fundamentals of Vacuum Techniques. (1 st Edn.) Moscow, Russia: MIR Publisher.
- 4 Chopra .,K.L. (1969). Thin Films Phenomena. (1 st Edn.) Delhi: McGraw Hill.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A2DC	PHOTOVOLTAIC SCIENCE	ELECTIVE	4	I	1	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The photo-voltaics and its properties.
- The physics of solar cells, its theories and types.
- The theory behind the fabrication of solar cells.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Explain history of solar cell and its properties.	K2
CO2	Discuss fundamental properties of semiconductors.	К3
CO3	Classify the deposition techniques.	K4
CO4	Outline the Thin film fabrication method.	K2
CO5	Discuss about preparation and mechanism of dye sensitized solar cell.	К3

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	S	S
CO2	S	М	S	S	S
CO3	S	М	S	S	S
CO4	М	М	М	S	S
CO5	S	М	S	S	S
S Stron	ıg	M Medi	um	L Low	



Total Credits: 4 **Total Instruction Hours:** 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I Introduction to Photovoltaics

Introduction - History of photovoltaic - Characteristics of photovoltaic energy conversion. Solar Cell Fundamentals: solar cell boundary condition - generation rate -solution of the minority carrier diffusion - terminal characteristics-solar cell IV characteristics - properties of efficient solar cell.

Unit II The Physics of Solar Cells

Fundamental Properties of Semiconductors: crystal structure - energy band structure - conduction and valence band density of states -equilibrium carrier concentrations - recombination carrier transport semiconductor equations - minority carrier diffusion equation - PN - Junction Diode Electrostatics.

Unit III Amorphous Silicon Solar Cells 10 h

Amorphous silicon: The first bipolar amorphous semiconductor –designs for amorphous silicon solar cells – Staebler – Wronski Effect. Depositing Amorphous Silicon: Deposition Techniques – RF glow discharge deposition - Glow discharge deposition at different frequencies – Hot wire chemical vapor deposition.

Unit IV Cadmium Telluride Solar Cells

Introduction – Cd Te Properties and Thin – film Fabrication Methods - Condensation/Reaction of Cd and Te2 Vapors on a Surface – Galvanic Reduction of Cd and Te Ions at a Surface - Precursor Reaction at a Surface - Window Layers – Cd Te Absorber Layer and Cd Cl2 Treatment - CdS/CdTe Intermixing.

Unit V Dye Sensitized Solar Cells

Introduction to Dye – Sensitized Solar Cells – Structure and Materials –Mechanism – Characteristics – DSSC Fabrication – preparation of TiO2 Colloid - Preparation of TiO2 electrode - Redox Electrolyte - Counter electrode -Assembling the cell and cell performance.



9 h

9 h

10 h

10 h

1 Antonio,L (2011). Hand book of Photovoltaic Science and Engineering. (2nd Edn.) New York : Wiley.

References

- 1 Solanki, C.S. (2013). Solar Photovoltaic System: Fundamentals. (2 Edn.) New Delhi: PHI.
- ² Suhas, P. (2015). Solar Energy. (3rd Edn.) New Delhi:MH.
- **3** Kothari, D.P. (Year). Renewable Energy Source and Emerging Technologies.. (10 Edn.) New Delhi:PHI.
- 4 Rai ,R.D. (2014). Solar energy utilization. (5th Edn.) Delhi: Khanna.



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Course Code	Course	Course Name	L	т	т	LT	тт	Р	Exam	Max Marks			Credits
Course Code	Category	Course Name		1	r	(h)	CIA	ESE	Total	Credits			
Third Semester									·				
192PY2A3CA	Core	Electromagnetic Theory	4	1	_	3	25	75	100	4			
192PY2A3CB	Core	Quantum Mechanics- II	4	1	I	3	25	75	100	4			
192PY2A3CC	Core	Microprocessors and Microcontroller	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4			
192PY2A3CP	Core Practical	Nanoscience and General Physics	-	-	4	4	40	60	100	2			
192PY2A3CQ	Core Practical	Electronics-III	-	-	4	4	40	60	100	2			
192PY2A3DA	DSE	Introductory Astronomy, Astrophysics & Cosmology											
192PY2A3DB	DSE	Band Gap Engineering in Semiconduct ors	4	_	_	3	25	75	100	4			
192PY2A3DC		Solar cells and Solar Energy Utilization											
192PY2A3CV	Project	Project	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
192PY2A3CT	IT	Industrial Training				·	A to C						
		Total	20	2	8	-	-	-	600	20			

EXTRA CREDIT COURSES

The following are the courses offered under self study to earn extra credits:

S. No.	Io. Course Code Course Name				
1	192PY2ASSA	IPR, Innovation and Entrepreneurship			
2	192PY2ASSB	Nano Science			



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Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A3CA	ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY	CORE	4	1	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The fundamental theories that explain electrostatics and magnetostatics.
- The electrodynamics principle for explaining the electromagnetic wave propagation.
- The analytical problems of relativistic systems in electrodynamics.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level				
CO1	Summarize the fundamentals of electrostatics	К2				
CO2	CO2 Outline the concepts of magnetostatics					
CO3	Develop the skills to solve problems of motion of charged particles in various fields	K3				
CO4	Analyze the concept of electromagnetic theory in electromagnetic waves	K4				
CO5	Examine the electrodynamics of radiating and relativistic systems	K4				

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	S	L
CO2	М	М	М	S	L
CO3	S	S	S	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S

Medium



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L

M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

Low

12 h

12 h

12 h

12 h

Total Credits: 4

SEMESTER III

Total Instructions Hours: 60 h

Syllabus

Unit I Electrostatics

Coulomb's law; The electric field – Line, Flux and Gauss's Law in differential form -Application of Gauss's law – Curl of E - Poisson's equation; Laplace's equation – Work and energy in electrostatics: Energy of a point charge distribution – Energy of continuous charge distribution – Induced charges – Capacitors - Laplace equation in one dimension and two dimensions – Dielectrics – Induced dipoles – Gauss's Law in the presence of dielectrics.

Unit II Magnetostatics

Lorentz force – Magnetic fields – Magnetic forces – Currents – Biot-Savart Law – Divergence and curl of B – Ampere's Law – Electromagnetic induction – Comparison of magnetostatics and electrostatics – Magnetic vector potential - Effect of magnetic field on atomic orbit – Ampere's Law in magnetized materials – Ferromagnetism.

Unit III Electromotive Force

Ohm's Law – Electromotive force – Motional emf – Faraday's Law – Induced electric field – Inductance – Energy in magnetic field – Maxwell's equation in free space and linear isotropic media – Continuity equation – Poynting theorem.

Waves in one dimension: Wave equation – Sinusoidal waves – Reflection and transmission – Polarization.

Unit IV Electromagnetic Waves

The wave equation for E and B – Monochromatic Plane waves – Energy and momentum in electromagnetic waves – Electromagnetic waves in matters - TE waves in rectangular wave guides – The co-axial transmission line - Scalar and vector potentials – Gauge transformation – Coulomb Gauge and Lorentz Gauge – Lorentz force law in potential form.

Unit VRelativistic Electrodynamics12 h

Four vectors and Tensors – Transformation equations for charge and current densities - Transformation equations for the Electromagnetic Potentials – The Electromagnetic Field Tensor – Transformation Equations for Electric and Magnetic field Vectors – Covariance of Maxwell Equations in four Vector forms and in four Tensor forms – Covariance and Transformation Law of Lorentz Force.



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- 1 David J. Griffiths, 2013, Introduction to Electrodynamics, 4th Edition, Pearson.
- K.K. Chopra and G.C. Agarwal, 2017, Electromagnetic Theory, 6th Edition, K.
 Nath & Co.

- 1 John David Jackson, 1999, Classical Electrodynamics, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons.
- 2 S.L. Gupta and V. Kumar, 2017, Electrodynamics, 24th Edition, Pragati Prakashan.
- **3** B.B Laud, 2011, Electromagnetics, 3rd Edition, New Age International Publisher.
- 4 Sathya Prakash, 2019, Electromagnetic Theory and Electrodynamics, Kedarnath Ramnath and Co., Meerut.
- 5 Charles A. Brau, 2003, Modern Problems in Classical Electrodynamics, Oxford University Press.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A3CB	QUANTUM MECHANICS - II	CORE	4	1	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The concepts of methods to describe microscopic properties of matter.
- The central concepts and laws of quantum mechanics.
- The basic Klein-Gordon and Dirac equations to formulate problems in quantum mechanics.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level		
CO1	Outline on the approximation methods and its applications.	К2		
CO2	Explain the scattering theory and Partial wave analysis	K2		
CO3	Identify the use of time independent perturbation theory.	К3		
CO4	Utilize the Klein-Gordon equation in Dirac equation.	К3		
CO5	Analyze Euler Lagrange's equation and Hamiltonian formulation.	K4		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	S	S	М	S
CO2	S	S	М	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	М	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S
S	Strong	М	Medium	L Lo)W



M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

12 h

12 h

Total Credits: 4

SEMESTER III

Total Instructions Hours: 60 h

Syllabus

Unit I Approximation Methods

Time independent perturbation theory – Non degenerate energy levels –First and Second order -Degenerate energy levels–Variation method –WKB approximation – Turning Points (no derivation) – WKB quantization – Application to simple harmonic oscillator –Hydrogen molecule, covalent bond and hybridization.

Unit II Scattering Theory

Introduction – Scattering amplitude –Total Scattering Cross Section - Partial wave analysis – Effective range theory for s wave – Optical theorem – Transformation from centre of mass to lab frame.

Unit III	Time Dependent Perturbation Theory	12 h

Introduction – Transition probabilities – Constant and harmonic perturbations – transition probabilities – Fermi's golden rule – Selection rules for dipole radiation – Adiabatic approximation – Sudden approximation – Magnetic resonance – Semiclassical treatment of an atom with electromagnetic radiation

Unit IVRelativistic Quantum Mechanics12 h

Klein-Gordon equation – Continuity equation – Plane wave solutions – Dirac equation – Dirac matrices – Equation of continuity – Spin of Dirac particle – Plane wave solutions – Interpretation of negative energy states – Antiparticle – Covariant form of Dirac equation.

Unit V	Classical Fields and Second Quantization	12 h
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Classical fields – Euler Lagrange equations – Hamiltonian formulation – Noether's theorem- Quantisation of real and complex scalar fields - Creation, destruction and number operators- Fock states- Second Quantisation of K.G. field.

Text Books

- Aruldhas. G, 2008, Quantum mechanics, 2nd edition, Prentice hall of India Pvt.Ltd -
- P.M. Matthews and K.Venkatesan, 2010. A textbook of Quantum Mechanics,
- 2 2 edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited



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- 1 J.L.Powell & B.Crasemann, 1961, Quantum Mechanics- Addison-Wesley Pub
- 2 P.A.M.Dirac, 2013, The principles of Quantum mechanics Igal Meirovich Publication.
- 3 L.D.Landau and E.M.Lifshitz, 2013, Quantum Mechanics, 3rd edition. Pergamon
- **4** Thankappan.V.K., 2012, Quantum Mechanics 3rd edition New Age International Publishers.
- 5 Schiff .L.I, 1968, Quantum Mechanics 3rd edition McGraw Hill Ltd.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	T	Р	Credit
192PY2A3CC	MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLER	CORE	4	-	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The architecture and assembly language of 8085 and 8086 microprocessor. •
- The interfacing of 8085 microprocessor. ٠
- The architecture and programming of 8051 microcontroller. •

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Outline the architecture of microprocessor 8085.	К2
CO2	Make use of instruction sets to write assemble language program.	К3
CO3	Experiment with the architecture and programming of 8086 microprocessor.	К3
CO4	Demonstrate the interfacing in 8085 microprocessor.	К2
CO5	Contrast microprocessor and microcontroller and perform basic arithmetic programs.	K4

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	L	М	L	М
CO2	S	L	S	М	М
CO3	S	М	S	М	S
CO4	S	L	S	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S
S	Strong	М	Medium	L Lo	DW



M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

10 h

09 h

SEMESTER III

Total Credits: 4

Total Instructions Hours: 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I Microprocessors 8085 Architecture

Intel 8085 microprocessor: Introduction – Pin configuration - Architecture and its operations - Machine cycles of 8085. Interfacing of memory - Classification- I/O device and execution. Instruction classification: number of bytes, nature of operations - Instruction format.

Instruction set: Data transfer operations - Arithmetic operations - Logical operations - Branching and machine control operations. Addressing modes. Writing assembly language programs: Looping, counting and indexing. Counters and time delays - Stack - Subroutine

Unit III 8086 Microprocessor

Features of 8086 - Architecture – Pins and signals – Minimum mode and maximum mode signals – External memory addressing - 8 bit data transfer – 16 bit data transfer – Interrupt processing – Response to interrupt – Classification of interrupt – Interrupt priority. Addition, subtraction and multiplication programs.

Unit IV Interfacing of Microprocessor 8085 10 h

General purpose programmable Peripheral device: 8255A Programmable Peripheral Interface(PPI) – Block diagram – Mode 0 – BSR mode – A/D converter – 8257 DMA controller – Interfacing – Programming and Execution – Basic concept in serial I/O – Interfacing requirements – Transmission format - Synchronous vs Asynchronous Transmission.

Unit V Microcontroller 8051 Architecture and Programming 09 h

Introduction- Features of microcontroller and 8051 - Difference between microprocessor and microcontroller – 8051 Architecture - Pins and signals 8051-Memory organization – Special function register (SFR) – 8051 Interrupts - Execution – Sources – Enabling and disability – Priority- Timing level of Interrupts - Data types and directives Instruction set - Addition, subtraction and multiplication programs.



- 1 Ramesh S. Gaonkar, 2013, Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with 8085/8080, 6th edition, New Age International.
- 2 C. Latha and B. Murugeshwari, 2015, Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Scitech Publications.

- 1 Douglas V. Hall, 1993, Microprocessors and Interfacing-Programming and Hardware, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2 A.P.Godse and D.A.Godse, Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Technical Publications.
- 3 Badri Ram, 2001, Advanced Microprocessors and Interfacing, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4 Muhammad Ali Mazidi and Janice Mazidi, 2000, The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded systems, Pearson Education.
- 5 Kenneth J. Ayala, 1996, The 8051 Microcontroller Architecture, Programming and Applications. 2nd Edition, Penram International publishing Pvt. Ltd.



Total Credits:2Total Instructions Hours:48 h

S.No

Contents

- **1** Preparation of metal oxide nanoparticle and determine the band gap using UV-Vis spectrophotometer.
- 2 XRD analysis of the given XRD spectra.
- **3** Prepare the nanoparticles by chemical route and analysis by UV-Vis spectrophotometer.
- 4 Determination of viscosity of liquid –Mayer's disc method.
- 5 Determination of susceptibility by Quinke's method.
- 6 Determination of e/m by magnetron method.
- 7 Characteristics of solar cell.
- 8 Compressibility of liquid-ultrasonic interferometer.
- 9 Determination of Hartman's formula.
- **10** Determine the value of g by Kater pendulum.
- **11** Determination of wavelength of laser source- reflection grating.
- **12** Determination of high conductivity –Four probe method.

Note: Any 10 Experiments



- 1 Raghvan V, 2004, Experiments in material science, 5th edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 2 Smith E V, 1970, Manual for experiments in Applied Physics, Butterworths.
- 3 Malacara D, 1988, Methods of Experiments Physics, Series of Volume, Academic Press, Inc.
- **4** Dunlap RA, 1988, Experimental Physics: Modern methods, Oxford University Press.



80

SEMESTER III

Total Credits: 2

Total Instructions Hours: 4 h

Contents

- 1 Wien Bridge Oscillator (Sine wave and square wave).
- 2 Logarithmic Amplifier using OP-AMP.
- 3 Binary added weighted resistor- using OP-AMP.
- **4** Dual slope Digital to Analog converter using OP-AMP.
- 5 Binary adder and Subtractor using IC 7483 and IC 7486.
- 6 Study the static and drain characteristics of a JFET.
- 7 Characteristics of Photodetector.
- 8 Study the voltage doubler.
- **9** 4 bit binary adder and Subtractor using 7483.
- **10** Construction of monostable multivibrator using Op-AMP/NE 555.
- **11** Characteristics of SCR.
- **12** Study of characteristics of BJT.

Note: Any 10 Experiments



- **1** Jones B K, 1986, Electronics for Experimentation and research, Prentice-Hall.
- 2 Zbar P B., Malvino A P and Miller M A, 1994, Basic Electronics: A text lab manual, Tata McGraw Hill.
- **3** Bell D.A, 2009, Laboratory manul for electronic devices and circuits, 4th edition, oxford university press.
- **4** Gaykwad. A, 2006, Operational Amplifier and linear Intergrated circuits, 11 th editions, Prentice Hall.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A3DA	INTRODUCTORY ASTRONOMY, ASTROPHYSICS AND COSMOLOGY	DSE	4	1	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The analytical skills and astronomical state. •
- The physical laws and concepts of astronomy and cosmology. •
- The assumptions and uncertainties involved in astronomy and cosmology. •

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Outline the theories related to origin of the Universe.	K2
CO2	Summarize various parameters related to astronomy.	К2
CO3	Identify the types of stars based on their properties.	К3
CO4	Explain the principles related to cosmology.	К2
CO5	Solve various problems related to cosmology.	К3

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	S	L
CO2	М	М	М	S	L
CO3	S	S	S	М	L
CO4	М	М	М	S	L
CO5	S	S	S	М	L
S	Strong	М	Medium	L Lo)W



M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

SEMESTER III

Total Credits: 4

Total Instructions Hours: 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I History of Astronomy

Introductory history of astronomy - Ptolemy"s Geocentric Universe - Copernicus" Heliocentric Universe - Tycho Brahe and Galileo"s Observations - Kepler"s laws of planetary motion - Newtonian concept of gravity - Highlights of Einstein"s special and general theory of relativity - Curved space time - Evidence of curved space time-Bending of light - Time dilation.

Unit II Stars and Galaxies

Stars and galaxies - Distances - Trigonometric parallax - Inverse square law-Magnitude of stars - Apparent magnitude - Absolute magnitude and Luminosity -Color and temperature - Composition of stars - Velocity, mass and sizes of stars -Types of stars - Temperature dependence - Spectral types - Hertzsprung - Russell (HR) Diagram - Spectroscopic Parallax.

Unit III Lives and Death of Stars 10 h

Stellar evolution - Mass dependence - Giant molecular cloud - Protostar - Main sequence star - Subgiant, Redgiant, Supergiant - Core fusion - Redgiant (or) Supergiant - Planetary nebula (or) Supernova - White dwarfs - Novae and Supernovae - Neutron stars - Pulsars - Black holes - Detecting Black holes - The Sun - Its size and composition - Sun's interior zones - Sun's surface - Photosphere -Chromosphere - Corona - Sun's power source - Fusion reaction mechanism.

Unit IV Cosmology I

Introduction to cosmology - Basic observations and implications - Olber's Paradox expanding universe - Gravitational redshift - Doppler effect - Hubble's law and the age of the universe - Cosmological principle - The Perfect cosmological principle -Observation and interpretation of cosmic microwave background radiation (CMBR) - Evidence supporting the general Big Bang theory - Salient features of steady state theory.

Unit V Cosmology II

Fate of the universe - Dependence on mass (Curvature of Space) - Critical density -Open universe - Closed universe - Homogenous and isotropic Freidman - Fate of the universe - Deriving the geometry of the universe from the background radiation - Flatness problem - Horizon problem - Inflation and its effect on the universe - The cosmological constant.



09 h

10 h

09 h

10 h

- B. Basu, 2001, An Introduction to Astro Physics, 2 nd Edition. Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 2 V.B. Bhatia, 2001, Text Book of Astronomy and Astrophysics with Elements of Cosmology, Narosa publications.

- 1 T. Padmanavan, 2010, Theoretical Astrophysics (Vols I, II, III), Cambridge University Press.
- 2 A. R. Choudhuri, 2010, Astrophysics for Physicists, Cambridge University Press, New York.
- 3 L.A. Anchordoqu, 2007, Lectures on Astronomy, Astrophysics, and Cosmology.
- 4 S. Kumaravelu, 1993, Astronomy, Janki Calendar Corporation, Sivakasi.
- 5 H. Zirin, 1988, Astrophysics of the Sun, Cambridge University Press.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	T	Р	Credit
192PY2A3DB	BAND GAP ENGINEERING IN SEMICONDUCTORS	DSE	4	-	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The band structure of semiconductors.
- The physical properties of semiconductor and apply them in various applications.
- The band gap engineering in Nano scale dimensions.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Outline about band structure of semiconductors	K2
CO2	Identify the physical characteristics of semiconductors	K3
CO3	Apply the concept of band gap engineering	К3
CO4	Examine the principle and working of semiconductors in electronics, spintronics and valleytronics	K4
CO5	Explain the density functional theory of semiconductors	K2

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	S	L
CO2	S	S	S	S	М
CO3	S	S	S	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	М	М	М	S	L
S	Strong	М	Medium	L Lo)W



Total Credits: 4

SEMESTER III

Total Instruction Hours: 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I Band Structure of Semiconductors 10 h

Direct, Indirect and Pseudo direct band gap semiconductors - Nature of band gaps from absorption curves - Temperature dependence of electrons - holes carriers' concentration for Intrinsic and Extrinsic bandgap semiconductor, Variation of Fermi level and band gap.

Unit II Mobility and Conductivity in Semiconductors 10 h

Influence of temperature on mobility- Recombination of electron hole pair -Electrical conductivity in semiconductors.

Excitons: Origin, electronic levels and properties, Radiative and non radiative recombination (Shockley - Read - Hall and Auger) processes.

Carrier Transport: continuity equations.

Optical Constants: Kramers - Kronig relations.

Unit III Band Gap Engineering

Structural effects - chemical potential - crystal field - impact on degenerate states band gap and alloying - Strain-induced band-gap engineering- Engineering band gaps in Ternary: Chalcopyrite and pnictides, Pseudo Direct, Quaternary, Magnetic and Oxide Semiconductors - Layered Semiconductors - Organic semiconductors.

Unit IV Semiconductors in Reduced Dimension 10 h

Carbon materials - Bonding in graphene - Hopping mechanism - Hamiltonian of two dimensional solid (massless Dirac Hamiltonian): Tight binding Hamiltonian which includes π and σ bands. - Dirac points, degeneracy at K point, Linear dispersion, a Controlling of band gap, spatial inversion, time reversal symmetries, saddle point singularity, Density of States. Tuning of band gap in graphene - Effect of twisted layers - Applications in opto-electronics, bio-medicine, energy storage and generation.

Unit V DFT Results of Semiconductors

Density Functional Theory (DFT) - An overview Kohn-Hohenberg theorems -Kohn-Sham equation - Exchange correlation potentials in semiconductors - Band ucture as a tool in engineering band gaps.

09 h

09 h

- 1 C. Kittel, 2010, Introduction to Solid State Physics, 7th Ed, Wiley.
- 2 Ben G. Streetman, 1994, Solid State Electronic Devices, 3rd Ed., Prentice –Hall of India Private Limited.

- 1 Eleftherios N. Economou, 2010, The Physics of Solids Essentials and Beyond, Springer.
- 2 M. Ali Omar, 2000, Elementary Solid State Physics: Principles and Applications, Addison-Wesley.
- ³ Rita John, 2014, Solid State Physics, Tata McGraw Hill Publications.
- 4 Alexander O. E. Animalu, 1978, Intermediate Quantum Theory of Crystalline solids, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A3DC	SOLAR CELLS AND SOLAR ENERGY UTILIZATION	DSE	4	_	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The fundamentals aspects of solar energy utilization •
- The tapping of solar energy and its conversion using various instrumentation
- The latest technology used in the production and storage of solar energy. ٠

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Outline the heat transfer process at the earth's surface and its measurement.	К2
CO2	Summarize the feauture of solar collectors and its thermal evaluation.	К2
CO3	Contrast the operation of solar heaters and storage tanks.	K2
CO4	Make use of the concepts in solar energy conversion.	К3
CO5	Choose the materials for production and storage of solar energy.	К3

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	М	М	М	S	L	М
CO2	М	М	М	S	L	М
CO3	М	М	М	S	L	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	М	М
CO5	S	S	S	S	М	М
S	Strong	М	Medium	L	Low	



M.Sc. Physics (Students admitted during the AY 2019-20)

SOLAR CELLS AND SOLAR ENERGY UTILIZATION

SEMESTER III

Total Credits: 4

Total Instructions Hours: 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I	Heat Transfer & Radiation Analysis	9 h
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Conduction, Convection and Radiation – Solar Radiation at the earth's surface – Determination of solar time – Solar energy measuring instruments.

Unit II Solar Collectors

Physical principles of conversion of solar radiation into heat flat plate collectors - General characteristics - Focusing collector systems - Thermal performance evaluation of optical loss

Unit III Solar Heaters

Types of solar water heater - Solar heating system - Collectors and storage tanks - Solar ponds - Solar cooling systems

Unit IV Solar Energy Conversion

Photo Voltaic principles – Types of solar cells – Crystalline silicon/amorphous silicon and Thermo - electric conversion – process flow of silicon solar cells-different approaches on the process- texturization, diffusion, Antireflective coatings, metallization

Unit VNanomaterials in Fuel Cell Applications11 h

Use of nanostructures and nanomaterials in fuel cell technology - high and low temperature fuel cells, cathode and anode reactions, fuel cell catalysts, electrolytes, ceramic catalysts. Use of nano technology in hydrogen production and storage



9 h

9 h

10 h

- 1 Rai G.D,1987, Solar energy utilization, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2 Sukhatme S.P, 1984, Solar energy-principles of thermal collection & storage, YMH, New Delhi.

Reference Books

- 1 Maheshawar Sharon, Madhuri Sharon, 2010, Nanoform and Applications, Mc Graw-Hill, Delhi.
- 2 Romer. R.H, Freeman W.H, 1976, Energy -An Introduction to physics, S. Chand and Co, New Delhi.
- **3** John A.Drife and William, 1974, Solar energy thermal processes, New Delhi.
- **4** Rai. G.D, 2004, Non-Conventional Energy Sources, Khanna Publication, New Delhi.
- 5 Kreith and Kreider, 1978, Principles of solar engineering, McGraw Hill Publication, New Delhi.



SELF STUDY:

IPR, Innovation and Entrepreneurship

SEMESTER III

Total Credit: 1

Syllabus

Unit I Introduction to IPR

Introduction to intellectual property right (IPR), Physical and Intellectual Property, Tangible and Intangible property, Traditional Knowledge, Different types of intellectual property rights (IPR), Patents, Trade mark, Trade secret, Copyright, Design and Geographical Indications.

Unit II International Instruments of IPR

World Trade and IPR-General Agreement on Trade and Tariff (GATT), World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), World Trade Organizations (WTO), Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS), Establishment, functions and guidelines of GATT, WIPO, WTO and TRIPS.

Unit III Indian Patent Act

Patent Act 1970-amendments of 1999, 2000, 2002 and 2005, Patentable subject matter, Patentability criteria, non-patentable inventions, Compulsory licenses.

Unit IV IPR Infringement

Infringement-direct, contributory and induced, Infringer, Defences to infringement, Remedies for infringement (civil and criminal) and penalties, Appellate Board.

Unit V Current Scenario

India's New National IP Policy, 2016-Govt. of India, Step towards promoting IPR, Govt. Schemes in IPR, Career Opportunities in IP, IPR in current scenario with case studies, Advantages and disadvantages of IPR.



- 1 Nithyananda K.V, 2019. Intellectual Property Rights: Protection and Management. Cengage Learning India Private Limited, Delhi, India.
- 2 Neeraj P &Khusdeep D, 2014. Intellectual Property Rights. PHI Learning Private Limited, Delhi, India.

References

- 1 Ahuja, V K, 3rd Edition, 2017. Law relating to Intellectual Property Rights. Lexis Nexis, Gurgaon, India.
 - Subramanian, N., & Sundararaman, M. (2018). Intellectual Property Rights-An
- ² Overview. Retrieved from http://www.bdu.ac.in/cells/ipr/docs/ipr-engebook.pdf.

World Intellectual Property Organisation. (2004). WIPO Intellectual property 3 Handbook. Retrieved from https://www.wipo.int/edocs/pubdocs/en/intproperty/489/wipo_pub_489 .pdf



SEMESTER III

Total Credit: 1

Syllabus

Unit I Introduction

Definition of nanoscience– Importance of nanoscience – Physical and chemical properties - Electronic - structural - mechanical - Optical - Magnetic properties – Applications.

Unit II Conduction in confined geometries

Nanomaterials - 2D, 1D, 0D - size and dimensionality effects - Partial confinement - Properties dependent on density of states - Quantum dots

Unit III Preparation of Nanomaterials

Top down and bottom up approach - Plasma arcing – Hydrothermal- Sol gel process - Ball milling - Sputtering – Electro deposition .

Unit IV Characterization Techniques

X-ray Diffraction (XRD) - Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) - Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) - Absorption spectroscopy - FTIR spectroscopy -Photoluminescence (PL).

Unit V Significant Nanomaterials and Applications

Nano electronics - Nanobots - Biological applications of nanoparticles - Carbon nanotubes (CNTs) - nanomechanics.



- 1 S. Shanmugam, Nanotechnology, MJP Publishers, (2011).
- 2 SubbiahBalaji, Nanobiotechnology, MJP Publishers (2010).

- 1 Guozhong Cao, Nanostructures and Nanomaterials Synthesis, Properties and Applications World Scientific (2011).
- ² Pradeep T- Nano: The Essentials- Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co.(2012).
- 3 Hand book on Nanotechnology A.G. Brecket, 1st Edition 2008, Dominant publishers and distributors, New Delhi.
- 4 Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications, GuozhongGao, Imperial College Press (2004).



	6						-	Μ	ax Ma	ırks	S
Course Code	Course Category	Course Name	L	Τ	Р	Exam (h)	CIA	ESE	Total	Credits	
Fourth Semest	ter	•									
202PY2A4CA	Core – X	Molecular Physics	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4	
192PY2A4CB	Core – XI	Nuclear and Elementary Particle Physics	4	-	-	3	25	75	100	4	
202PY2A4CC	Core - XII	Research Methodology	2	-	-	3	25	75	100	2	
192PY2A4CP	Core Practical - VII	Microprocessor	_	_	4	4	40	60	100	2	
192PY2A4DA 192PY2A4DB 192PY2A4DC	DSE – IV	Radiological Safety Aspects Instrumental Methods of Analysis Plasma Physics	4	_	-	3	25	75	100	4	
192PY2A4CV	Core - XIII: Project	Project	-	-	12	4	80	120	200	8	
		Total	14	-	16	-	-	-	700	24	
		Grand Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	2700	92	



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
202PY2A4CA	MOLECULAR PHYSICS	CORE	4	-	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The fundamental knowledge on the structure and dynamics of the molecules through various theories
- The relation between molecular interactions and properties
- The phenomenological theories on reaction dynamics and transport properties

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Outline the molecular structure and bonding	K2
CO2	Interpret the molecular symmetry	K2
CO3	Experiment with the molecular interaction and mechanics	К3
CO4	Identify the molecular reaction dynamics	К3
CO5	Examine quantum theory to electron transfer, electronic structure and spectra	K4

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	S	L
CO2	М	М	М	М	L
CO3	S	S	S	М	М
CO4	S	S	S	М	М
CO5	S	S	S	S	S
S Strong M Medium L Low					



Total Credits: 4

SEMESTER IV

Total Instruction Hours: 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I Molecular Structure and Bonding

Chemical bonding - The VSEPR model - Valence bond theory – The hydrogen molecule - Polyatomic molecules - Molecular orbital theory – Bond properties - Polyatomic molecules - Molecular shape in terms of molecular orbitals - Molecular structure, properties and conformations.

Unit II Molecular Symmetry

Symmetry elements and operations – The symmetry classification of molecules – Applications to molecular orbital theory – Character tables and symmetry labels – Vanishing integrals and orbital overlap - Vanishing integrals and selection rule.

Unit IIIMolecular Interactions and Mechanics9 h

Electric properties of molecules - Electric dipole moments - Polarizabilities - Relative permittivity's - Interactions between dipoles - Repulsive and total interactions - Molecular interactions in gases - Potential energy (force field) in molecular mechanics.

Unit IVMolecular Reaction Dynamics10 h

Potential energy surfaces – Transition state theory – The Eyring equation – Thermodynamic aspects – Microscopic – Macroscopic connection - Zero-point vibrational energy - Molecular electronic, rotational, vibrational and translational partition functions .

Unit VElectron Transfer, Electronic Structure and Spectra9 h

The rates of electron transfer processes – Theory of electron transfer processes – Crystal-field theory - Ligand-field theory - Electronic spectra of atoms - Electronic spectra of complexes - Charge-transfer bands .



10 h

10 h

- 1 Atkins.P and Depaula.J, 2009, "Physical Chemistry", Oxford University Press.
- 2 P. Atkins, Overton.T, Rourke. J and Weller. M, 2009, "Inorganic Chemistry", Oxford University Press.

- 1 Christopher, Cramer. J, 2004, "Essential of Computational Chemistry -Theories and Models", Oxford University Press.
- 2 Gerhard Herzberg, 2003, "Molecular Spectra and Molecular Structure", Krieger Pub Co.
- **3** Robert Eisberg and Robert Resnick, 2006, "Quantum Physics of Atoms, Molecules, Solids, Nuclei and Particles", Wiley.
- 4 W. Demtroder, "Molecular Physics", 2003, Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg (doi.org/10.1007/978-3-662-55523-1)



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A4CB	NUCLEAR AND ELEMENTARY PARTICLE PHYSICS	CORE	4	I	I	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The principles and concepts governing nuclear and particle physics.
- The scientific and technological applications of nuclear physics.
- The concepts of elementary particles.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Interpret the various properties of nuclei.	K2
CO2	Apply the laws of radioactivity decay for various applications.	К3
CO3	Explain the properties of nuclear forces and nuclear reaction dynamics.	К2
CO4	Identify alpha, beta and gamma decay based on its theory.	К3
CO5	Analyze the concepts of elementary particles.	K4

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	S	L
CO2	S	S	S	S	М
CO3	М	М	М	S	L
CO4	S	S	S	S	М
CO5	S	S	S	S	S
S Strong M Medium L Low					



Total Credits: 4

SEMESTER IV

Total Instruction Hours: 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I Properties of Atomic Nucleus

Nuclear size and its determination - Mass spectroscopy - Theories of nuclear composition - Binding energy – Semi empirical mass formula - Quantum numbers for individual nucleons - Independence of atomic and nuclear properties - Quantum properties of nuclear states - Nuclear magnetic dipole moment - Electric multipole moment

Unit II Radioactivity

Properties of radioactive rays - The law of radioactive decay - Radioactive growth and decay - Ideal equilibrium - Transient equilibrium and secular equilibrium -Radioactive series - Radioactive isotopes of lighter elements- Artificial radioactivity - Determination of the age of earth - Carbon dating.

Unit IIINuclear Force and Nuclear Reactions10 h

Nuclear force: The ground state of the deuteron - Magnetic dipole and electric quadrupole moments of the deuteron - Square well solution for the deuteron - Central and non-central forces. Nuclear Reactions: Types of nuclear reactions - The balance of mass and energy in nuclear reactions - The Q equation.

Unit IV Radioactivity Decay

Range of alpha particles - Disintegration energy of spontaneous alpha decay- Alpha decay paradox - Barrier penetration - Fermi's theory of beta decay - The detection of neutrino - Parity non conservation in beta decay - Gamma ray emission - Selection rules - Internal conversion - Nuclear isomerism.

Unit V Elementary Particles

Antiparticles and antimatters - Feynman diagrams - Estimation of a pion mass -The four fundamental forces of nature - W Bosons and gluons - Conservation laws -The nucleon isospin - The Gell-Mann–Nishijima relation: Isospin of particles – The Quark model - The QCD - Colour quantum number - Colors for quarks and Gluon.



9 h

10 h

9 h

10 h

- **1** Tayal. D.C., 2017, "Nuclear Physics", Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 2 Patel. S. B., 2010, "Nuclear Physics-An Introduction", 2nd Edition, New Age International, Mumbai.

- **1** Roy. R.R. and Nigam. B. P, 2008, "Nuclear Physics", 1st Edition, New Age International, Chennai.
- 2 Cohen. B.L, 2001, "Concepts of Nuclear Physics", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, Chennai.
- 3 Kaplan.I, 2002, "Nuclear Physics", 2nd Edition, Addison Wesley Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 4 Ghoshal. S. N., 1994, "Nuclear Physics", S. Chand & Company Limited, New Delhi.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
202PY2A4CC	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	CORE	2	-	-	2

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The types of research available and choose a scientific problem
- The interpretation techniques and report writing strategies
- The various methods of sample preparation and advanced analytical techniques available for analysis

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Explain the concepts of research methodologies	K2
CO2	Apply the knowledge for data Interpretation	К3
CO3	Make use of the knowledge strategies for report writing	К3
CO4	Take part in materials preparation techniques	K4
CO5	Identify the advanced analytical techniques and applications	K3

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	S	L
CO2	S	S	S	S	М
CO3	S	S	S	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	М
S Strong M Medium L Low				L Low	



Total Credits: 2

Total Instruction Hours: 24 h

Syllabus

Unit IResearch Methodology4 hMeaning of research - Objectives of research - Types of research - Research

Meaning of research - Objectives of research - Types of research - Research approaches - Significance of research - Research methods versus methodology - Research and Scientific method.

Unit II	Research Design and Data Preparation	5 h

Selecting the problems - Necessity of defining the problems - Technique involved in defining a problem - Need for research design - Data preparation process.

Unit III	Interpretation and Report Writing	5 h

Techniques of interpretation - Precaution in interpretation - Significance of report writing - Types of reports- Precautions for writing research reports.

Unit IV	Synthesis and Basic Laboratory Instrument	5 h
1	n - Sputtering - Spray Pyrolysis - Electro Spinning - So y - pH meter - Autoclave - Hot air oven - Centrifugation.	l Gel -
Unit V	Characterization & Applications	5 h

Scanning Probe Microscopy (SPM) - Raman spectroscopy - Photo luminescence – Applications: Solar Cell - Battery - Schottky Diode.



1 Kothari. C. R, Gaurav Garg, 2019, "Research Methodology (Methods and Techniques)", 4th Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd, New Delhi.

Guozhong Cao, Ying Wang, 2017, "Nanostructures and Nanomaterials
2 (Synthesis, Properties and Applications)", 2nd Edition, World Scientific Publishing Co (P) Ltd, New Delhi.

Mick Wilson, Kamali Kannangara, Goeff Smith, Michelle Simmons, Burkhard
Raguse, 2008, "Nanotechnology (Basic Science and Emerging Technologies)", Overseas Press India (P) Ltd, New Delhi.

- 4 Meena Srivastava, Rajesj Singh Yadav, 2015, "Principles of Laboratory Techniques and Methods" CBS Publishers & Distributors (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
- 5 Gurdeep R. Chatwal, Sham K. Anand, 2014, "Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis", 5th Edition, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.

- **1** Rajendran .V, 2010, "Processes and Characterization of Advanced Nanostructured Materials", 1st Edition, MAC Millan Publishing, New Delhi.
- 2 Rajendran .V, 2012, "Application of Nanomaterials (Electronics, Energy & Environmental)", 1st Edition, Blooms Bury Publishing India (P) Ltd.



Total Credits:2Total Instructions Hours:48 h

S.No

List of Experiments

- **1** Write 8085 ALP for 8 bit addition and subtraction
- 2 Write 8085 ALP for 8 Bit multiplication and division
- 3 Write 8085 ALP for finding the biggest and smallest number element in the array
- 4 Write 8085 ALP for LED interfacing
- 5 Write 8085 ALP for sorting the element in an array in ascending and descending order
- 6 Write 8085 ALP for triangular and square wave generator using Op-amp
- 7 Write 8085 ALP Masking off most significant four bits and setting bits using two different instructions
- 8 Write 8085 ALP for Stepper motor controller
- 9 Write 8085 ALP for Elevator controller
- **10** Write Microprocessor 8085 ALP for interface IV (Waveform generation)
- **11** Write Microprocessor 8086 ALP for Traffic control system
- 12 Write Microprocessor 8085 ALP for subroutines (display results)

Note: Any 10 Experiments



- 1 Praod Borole, 2014, "8085 Microprocessor Architecture and Programming", ANE Books Pvt Ltd
- 2 Doughlas V. Hall, 1990, "Microprocessor Interfacing Programming and Hardware", 2nd Revised Edn, McGraw-Hill Inc, New Delhi.
- 3 Nagoor Kani, 2015, "Microprocessors and Micro Controllers", McGraw-Hill Inc, New Delhi.
- 4 Aditya P. Mathur, 2016, "Introduction To Microprocessors", McGraw-Hill Inc, New Delhi.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credit
192PY2A4DA	RADIOLOGICAL SAFETY ASPECTS	DSE	4	-	-	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The concepts of nuclear radiation towards biological effect and protection.
- The principles of optimization and detection of radiation.
- The safety aspects of nuclear radiation.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Interpret the structure of atomic nucleus.	K2
CO2	Make use of the principles of radioactivity into handling radio-isotopes.	K3
CO3	Identify various radiations interacting with matter.	К3
CO4	Classify various types of detector principles for nuclear radiation.	К2
CO5	Take part in implementing the safety aspects principles in radioisotope labs.	K4

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	М	L
CO2	S	S	S	S	М
CO3	S	S	S	S	М
CO4	М	М	М	М	L
CO5	S	S	S	S	S
S	Strong	Μ	Medium	L Lo)W



Total Credits: 4

SEMESTER IV

Total Instruction Hours: 48 h

Syllabus

Unit IGeneral Properties of Atomic Nucleus9 h

Scattering of α -particles - Nuclear size and Determination : Nuclear Force Methods, Electromagnetic Methods - Mass spectroscopy - Basic Components of Mass Spectroscopes - Double Focussing Mass spectrograph - Double Focussing Mass spectrometer - Doublet Method of mass spectroscopy - Mass Synchrometer - Theories of Nuclear Compositions

Unit II Radioactivity and Isotopes

Law of radioactive Disintegration - Displacement laws of Soddy Russell and Fajans - Law of successive Transformation - Radioactive Equilibrium - Radioactive Branching - Dosimetry - Induced Radioactivity by Nuclear Bombardment - Mixture of Activities - Radio-isotope Therapy - Measurements of Decay Constants - Isotopes (Separation and Uses).

Unit III Interactions Nuclear Radiations with Matter 10 h

Interaction of Charged Particles with Matter - Stopping Power of Heavy Charged Particles - Range and Straggling - Stopping Power and Range of Electrons -Cerenkov Radiation - Synchrotron Radiation - Absorption of Gamma Rays (Thomson, Rayleigh and Delbruck Scattering) - Photoelectric effect - Compton effect - Pair Production

Unit IV Detection and Measurement of Nuclear Radiations 10 h

Ionization chamber - Semiconductor Detectors -Diffused Junction detector -Surface Barrier detector - Lithium drifted Junction detector - Regions of multiplicative operation - Proportional Counter - Geiger Muller Counter (Quenching of Discharge) - Scintillation Counters (Photomultiplier tube, Scintillators, Pulse Formation, Resolving Power)

Unit V Principles of Radiation Production and Regulations 9 h

Sources of Radiation - Biological Effects of Radiation - Radiation Hazards, Evaluation and Control - External and Internal Hazards - Personnel Monitoring System - Regulations in India.



10 h

- 1 Tayal D. C, 2018, "Nuclear Physics", Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai (Unit I to IV).
- 2 Kuppuswamy Thayalan, 2017, "Basic Radiological Physics", Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. (Unit -V).

- 1 Govinda Rajan G. N, 2018, "Radiation Safety in Radiation Oncology", CRC Press, New York.
- 2 Thayalan K, 2010, "Text Book of Radiological Safety", Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3 Glenn F. Knoll, 2010, "Radiation Detection and Measurement", 4th Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey.
- 4 "AERB Radiation Production Rules", 2004.





Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A4DB	INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS	DSE	4	-	I	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The principle of analytical experimental methods.
- The concepts and applications of various instrumentation methods.
- The qualitative and quantitative instrumental analysis.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Summarize the types of instrumental methods, measurements, signals and data evaluation	К2
CO2	Explain the instrumentation and analysis of TGA, DTA and DSC	K2
CO3	Develop the skills to analyze XRD and XRF spectroscopic techniques	K3
CO4	Analyze the concept of optical method and electron microscopes	K4
CO5	Examine the electrochemical techniques	K4

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	S	L
CO2	М	М	М	S	L
CO3	S	S	S	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S
S	Strong	М	Medium	L Lo)W



Total Credits: 4

Total Instruction Hours: 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I Instrumental Methods and Measurements

Classification of instrumental techniques - Basic functions of instrumentation – Sensitivity and detection limit – Hardware techniques for signal to noise enhancement – Software techniques for signal to noise enhancement – Evaluation of results – Accuracy and instrument calibration.

Unit II Thermal Analysis

Thermo gravimetric analysis: Instrumentation – Applications – Differential Thermal analysis: Instrumentation – General Principles – Applications – Differential scanning calorimetry: Instrumentation – Applications – Microthermal analysis – Thermomechanical analysis.

Unit III X-Ray Analysis

Production of X-rays and X-ray spectra – Instrumentation – X-ray absorption methods – X-ray fluorescence method - X-ray diffraction: Reciprocal lattice concept – Diffraction patterns – Automatic diffractometers – Choice of X-radiation – X-ray powder data file – Quantitative analysis – Structural applications – Crystal topography.

U-V molecular absorption spectrometry: Measurement of transmittance and absorbance – Beer's law – Instrument components – Single beam instruments – Double beam instruments – Qualitative applications: Solvents – Detection of functional groups - X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy: Principle – Instrumentation – Applications – Atomic force microscope: Principle – Instrumentation.

Unit V Electrical Methods

Electrochemical cells – Potentiometry: General principles – Reference electrodes – Ion-selective field effect transistors – Molecular selective electrode systems – Instruments for measuring cell potentials – Coulometry: CV relationships during an electrolysis – Coulometric methods of analysis – Voltammetry: Voltametric instrumentation - Cyclic voltammetry - Applications of voltammetry.



9 h

9 h

9 h

10 h

- 1 Skoog, Holler and Crouch, 2014, "Principles of Instrumental Analysis", 6th Edition, Cengage Learning India Private Limited.
- 2 Willard M and Steve D, 1986," Instrumental Methods of Analysis", 7th Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.

- 1 Skoog D.A and West M, 2004, "Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry", 8th Edition, Saunders-College Publishing.
- 2 Skoog, West and Holler, 1994, "Analytical Chemistry-An Introduction", 6th Edition, Saunders College Publishing.
- 3 Stradling R.A, 1979, "Electron Microscopy and Microanalysis of Crystalline Materials", Applied Science Publishers, London.
- **4** Philips V.A, 1971, "Modern Metallographic Techniques and their Applications", Wiley Interscience.



Course Code	Course Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
192PY2A4DC	PLASMA PHYSICS	DSE	4	I	I	4

This course has been designed for students to learn and understand

- The concepts of plasma physics.
- The theoretical aspects in the production of plasma waves and its confinement.
- The working principles behind the applications of Plasma.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	Summarize the basic concepts of plasma	K2
CO2	Infer knowledge about different characteristics of plasma	K2
CO3	Utilize the confinements in plasma	K3
CO4	Classify the different waves of plasma	K2
CO5	Identify the different applications of plasma waves	K3

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	М	М	М	S	L
CO2	М	М	М	S	L
CO3	S	S	S	S	М
CO4	М	М	М	S	L
CO5	М	S	S	S	М
S Stroi	ng	M Medium		L Low	



Total Credits: 4

SEMESTER IV

Total Instruction Hours: 48 h

Syllabus

Unit I Plasma Concepts and Terminology

Plasma as state of matter - Concept of temperature - Debye shielding- Plasma parameter - Criteria for plasma - Magnetic pressure - Particle drifts - Plasma frequency - Landau damping - Collisions - Bohm diffusion - Plasma radiation.

Unit II Characteristics of Different Plasma

Production of plasma: Low pressure cold cathode discharge - Thermionic arc discharge - Plasma guns - Q machines - RF produced plasma - Current and voltage measurement in plasmas -Plasma probes: Electrostatic probe - Magnetic probe - Measurement types - Photography and atomic spectroscopy - Radiation measurements - Single particle measurements - Neutrons measurement - Light scattering measurement.

Unit IIIPlasma Confinement10 h

Motion in a magnetic field - Motion in finite electric and magnetic field - Motion in inhomogeneous and curved magnetic fields - Magnetic mirrors - Motion in non-uniform electric field - Motion in time varying electric and magnetic field.

Unit IV Waves in Plasma 10 h

Wave representation - Group velocity - Phase velocity - Plasma oscillations - Electromagnetic waves in the absence of magnetic field - Electromagnetic waves perpendicular to magnetic field - Electromagnetic waves parallel to magnetic field - Electron plasma wave in cold and warm plasma - Ion acoustic wave.

Unit V Applications of Plasma

Gas Discharges- Thermonuclear fusion - Laser driven fusion - Magnetic fusion - Magnetohydrodynamic generator (MHD) – Basic theory of MHD – Principle of working – Plasma diode.



9 h

10 h

9 h

- 1 Chen F.F, 2016, "Introduction to Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, 3rd Edition", Springer International Publishing, Switzerland.
- 2 Ghosh B, 2014, "Basic Plasma Physics", 1st Edition, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.

- **1** Krall N.A and Trivelpiece A.W, 1973, "Principles of Plasma Physics", 1st Edition, McGraw Hill, US.
- 2 Stix T.H, 1962, "The Theory of Plasma Waves", 1st Edition, Mc Graw Hill, New York.
- **3** Bittencourt J.A, 2004, "Fundamentals of Plasma Physics", 3rd Edition, Springer, New York.
- 4 Choudhuri A.R, 2015, "The Physics of Fluids and Plasmas", 5th Edition, Cambridge, India.

